## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, DC 20549

## FORM 8-K

#### **CURRENT REPORT**

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 **Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): August 6, 2020** 

## **Navient Corporation**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation) 001-36228 (Commission File Number) 46-4054283 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

123 Justison Street, Wilmington, Delaware (Address of principal executive offices)

19801 (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (302) 283-8000

Not Applicable (Former Name or Former Address, if Changed Since Last Report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following
provisions:

Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)	
Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)	

- ☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- □ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company  $\square$ 

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.  $\Box$ 

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common stock, par value \$.01 per share	NAVI	The Nasdaq Global Select Market
6% Senior Notes due December 15, 2043	JSM	The Nasdaq Global Select Market

#### ITEM 7.01. REGULATION FD DISCLOSURE

Navient Corporation (the "Company") frequently provides relevant information to its investors via posting to its corporate website. On August 6, 2020, a presentation entitled "2020 2<sup>nd</sup> Quarter Investor Deck" was made available on the Company's website at <a href="https://navient.com/about/investors/webcasts/">https://navient.com/about/investors/webcasts/</a>. In addition, the presentation is being furnished herewith as Exhibit 99.1

The information contained in, or incorporated into, this Item 7.01, including Exhibit 99.1 attached hereto, is being furnished and shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.

#### ITEM 9.01.

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND EXHIBITS.

(d) Exhibits

Exhibit No. Exhibit

99.1 2020 2<sup>nd</sup> Quarter Investor Presentation

2020 2 Quarter Investor resentation

Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document).

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

#### NAVIENT CORPORATION

(Registrant)

Date: August 6, 2020 By: /s/ Mark L. Heleen

Name: Mark L. Heleen
Title: Chief Legal Officer

## NAVIENT

## 2020 2<sup>nd</sup> Quarter Investor Deck

August 6, 2020



## Forward-Looking Statements; Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The following information is current as of June 30, 2020 (unless otherwise noted) and should be read in connection with Navient Corporation's "Navient" Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 (the "2019 Form 10-K"), filed by Navient with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on February 27, 2020 and subsequent reports filed by Navient with the SEC. Definitions for capitalized terms in this presentation on to defined been can be found in the 2019 Form 30-K. This presentation of Townsurf-Golding statements, within the meaning of the federal securities laws, about our business, and other information that is based on management's current expectations as of the date of this presentation, Statements that are not historical facts, including statements about the company's beliers, opinions or expectations and statements that assume or are dependent upon future events, are forward-looking statements and often contain words such as "expect," "arbitipate," "intend," "plan," "believe," "see," "will," "would," "may," "could," "should," "goal," or "arget," Forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other factors that may cause actual results to be materially different from those reflected in such forward-looking statements.

- For Navient, these factors include, among others, the risks and uncertainties associated with:

   the seventy, magnitude and duration of the COVID-19 pandemic, including changes in the macroeconomic environment, restrictions on business, individual or travel activities intended to slow the spread of the pandemic and volatility in market conditions resulting from the pandemic including interest rates, the value of equities and other financial assets;

   the risks and uncertainties associated with increases in financial gosts;

   unanticipated increases in costs associated with compliance with federal, state or local laws and regulations;

   changes in the demand for suster transgement and business processing solutions or other changes in marketplaces in which we compete (including increased competition);

   changes in accounting standards including but not limited to changes pertaining to loan loss reserves and estimates or other accounting standards that may impact our operations;

   adverse outcomes in any significant stigation to which the company is a party;

   credit risk associated with the company's underwriting standards or exposure to third parties, including counterparties to hedging transactions; and

   changes in the terms of education loans and the educational credit marketplace (including changes resulting from the CARES Act or other new laws and the implementation of existing laws).

- The company could also be affected by; among other things:

  unanticipated repayment trends on loans including prepayments or deferrals in our securitization trusts that could accelerate or delay repayment of the bonds;

  reductions to our credit ratings, the credit ratings of asset-backed securitizations we sponsor or the credit ratings of the United States of America;

  raisaries of our operating systems or infrastructure or those of third-party vendors;

  raisar related to cyberrecurity including the potential disruption of our systems or those of our third-party vendors or customers or potential disclosure of confidential customer information;

  stange to our expansion resulting from cyber-beaches, litigation, the politication of student loan servicing or other actions or factors;

  stallure to successfully implement cost-cutting initiatives and adverse effects of such initiatives on our business;

  stallure to adequately integrate acquisitions or results are acquisitions in capacitations inclined delays or errors in converting portfolio acquisitions to our servicing platform;

  changes in law and regulations whether new laws or regulations or new interpretations of existing laws and regulations applicable to any of our businesses or activities or those of our vendors, suppliers or existences:
- customers;

   changes in the general interest rate environment, including the availability of any relevant money-market index rate, including LIBOR, or the relationship between the relevant money-market index rate and the rate at which our ascets are priced;

   our ability to soccessfully effectuate any acquisitions and other strategic initiatives;

   activities by shareholder activitis, including a proxy contest or any unsolicited takeover proposal;

   changes in general economic condision; and

   the other factors that are described in the "Risk Factors" section of the 2019 Form 10-K and in our other reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The preparation of the company's consolidated financial statements also requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions including estimates and assumptions about future events. These estimate or assumptions may prove to be incorrect and actual results could differ materially. All forward-looking statements contained in this release are qualified by these cautionary statements and are made only as of the date of this release. The company does not undertake any obligation to update or revise these forward-looking statements except as required by law.

Navient reports financial results on a GAAP basis and also provides certain non-GAAP performance measures, including Core Earnings, Tangible Net Asset Ratio, and various other non-GAAP financial measures derived from Core Earnings. When compared to GAAP results, Core Earnings exclude the impact of: (2) mark-to-market gains/losses on derivatives; and (2) goodwill and acquired intangible asset amortization and impairment. Navient provides Core Earnings neasures because this is what management uses when making management decisions regarding Navient's performance and the allocation of corporate resources. Navient Core Earnings are not defined earns within GAAP and may not be comparable to similarly titled to similarly titled to other comparable. For additional information, see Core Earnings in Navient's second-quarter earnings release and pages 49 - 51 of this presentation for a further discussion and a complete reconciliation between GAAP net income and Core Earnings.



We are the leader in education loan management and business processing solutions for education, healthcare and government clients at the federal, state and local levels

We help our clients and millions of Americans achieve financial success through our services and support, leveraging our 45+ years of data, analytics and processing experience and excellence

- √ Scaled, efficient industry-leading servicing platform
  - Navient-serviced borrowers are 37% less likely to default
- Executing our long-term value-creation strategy and utilizing our core strengths
  - Stable cash flow generation from our legacy portfolio of government-guaranteed Education Loans
  - Originating attractive, high credit quality Education Loans utilizing our scale and expertise
  - Generating fee income by providing processing services that leverage our existing infrastructure
- ✓ Disciplined expense management
  - Consistent cost efficiency and continuous expense rationalization
- √ Prudent capital allocation
  - Maintaining dividend and returning excess capital to shareholders
- ✓ Continuously evaluating alternatives to optimize capital structure and efficiency

Focused on delivering best-in-class service to our clients and maximizing long-term shareholder value

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## We Leverage Our Core Servicing Expertise in Education Finance and Business Processing

#### Federal Education Loans Segment



Own and Service Education Loans

- Manage Navient's \$61 billion portfolio of federally-guaranteed (FFELP) education loans
- Highly predictable cash flows with limited credit risk, estimated at ~\$8.6 billion over the next 20 years
- Provide education loan servicing to the U.S.
   Department of Education

2Q Net Income: \$146 million

#### **Consumer Lending Segment**



Originate and Refinance Education Loans

- Manage Navient's \$21 billion portfolio of Private Education Loans
- Using our data and expertise to deploy capital at mid-teens ROEs by originating Private Education Refinance Loans
- Originate In-School Education Loans with a recently launched innovative product, targeting high-teens ROEs

2Q Net Income: \$87 million

#### **Business Processing Segment**





Provide Processing Services for Healthcare & Government Clients

- Leverage Navient's existing infrastructure and 45+ years of data, analytics and processing experience
- Capital-efficient fee-based provider of business processing services for 500+ government & healthcare clients
- Integrated end-to-end technology solutions to help governments and healthcare systems achieve efficiencies

2Q EBITDA: \$8 million

Metrics shown on a "Core Earnings" basis, and are non-GAAP financial measures. See note 1 on slide 4

## Successfully Building Long-term Value in Challenging Environment

#### Federal Education Loans Segment

- Provided immediate payment relief to 6 million borrowers impacted by COVID-19
- Improved net interest margin from 81bps to 107bps, as our portfolio benefits from a low rate environment
- Actively managed our portfolio, decreasing our delinquency rate from 10.5% to 8.2%
- Reduced operating expenses by 21% year over year

## 107bps NIM

1 flem is a non-GAAP financial measure. See note 4 on slide 50

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#### **Consumer Lending Segment**

- Dynamically adjusted our originations in response to capital market conditions, ensuring originations meet our mid-teens ROE target return thresholds
- Originated \$238 million of Private Education Refinance Loans
- Actively managed our portfolio, decreasing our delinquency rate from 5.0% to 2.0% year over year
- Maintained flat operating expenses year over year while growing our portfolio

## 320bps NIM

### **Business Processing Segment**

- Rapidly pivoted from COVID-19 impacted segments to win 4 new contracts
- 1,600 Navient employees working on unemployment insurance response and contact tracing services
- New contracts drove revenue resiliency year over year despite unprecedented disruption
- Affirmed our differentiated expertise and franchise value to existing and new clients

13% EBITDA margin 1



## Consistent, Growing Earnings To Shareholders

- ✓ Long-term value for shareholders driven by consistent earnings and capital return
- Allocating capital to attractive investments, including portfolio acquisitions and new originations
- ✓ Continuously driving efficiency improvements and expense structure rationalization
- Returning excess capital to shareholders



Achieved a 21% YTD Core ROE, 70% higher than the leading Core ROE of the KRX Bank Index

Metrics shown on a "Core Earnings" basis, and are non-GAAP Snancial measures. Leading YTO 2020 KPX Core ROAE of 12.2% per SNs, Financial. See note 1 on slide 49.

## Originating Education Loans is an Attractive Opportunity



#### Leveraging Our Existing Infrastructure to Generate Value

- Private Education Refinance Loans:
- Using our data and expertise to deploy capital at mid-teens ROE
- Life of loan loss expectation of 1.5% <sup>2</sup>
- Weighted average life of ~3.5 years
- · In-School Private Education Loans:
  - Using our data and expertise to deploy capital at high-teens ROE
  - Life of loan loss expectations of 6% 2
  - Weighted average life of ~8 years

Typical Refi Borrower Profile <sup>3</sup>							
Borrower Age	33						
Months since Graduation	72						
Education	64% advanced degrees						
FICO	762						
Income	\$134,054						
Monthly Real Free Cash Flow	\$4,331						
Original Loan Amount	\$71,773						

Source: Navieril estimates for total originations based on "Baum, Sandy: Jennifer Ma, Matea Pender, and CJ Libessi (2018), Trends in Student Aid 2018, New York: The College Board", Navieril estimates for average yields based on PSA Data Center and World parts company filess.

FLife of toan loss expectations are of Weighted everage.

## Navient Is Focused On Cost Efficiency

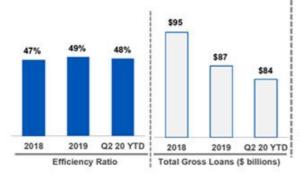
#### **Industry-Leading Efficiency**

- Maintaining a consistent efficiency ratio while managing an amortizing portfolio
- Continue to drive strong margins through our capital-efficient fee businesses, efficiently utilizing our scaled infrastructure

#### Continuously Rationalizing Our Expense Base

- Focus on reducing expenses across all of our businesses, including third party efficiency studies
- Unlocked significant efficiency by migrating to a variable cost structure via a sale of our servicing tech infrastructure to First Data in 2018

Stable Efficiency Ratio Despite An Amortizing Legacy Portfolio



Cost Structure Initiatives Have Significantly Reduced Gross Expenses



Comparable Core Earnings Total Expenses (\$ in millions)

"Adjusted" and "Comparable" expenses are non-GAAP financial measures. By using these measures, management can make better short-term and long-term decisions related to expense management and allocations.

## Long-Term Capital Allocation Philosophy

Consistently balance capital adequacy with capital allocation opportunities, including dividends, organic growth, stock repurchases and acquisitions

- Execute dynamic capital allocation policy to maintain appropriate leverage that supports our credit ratings and enhances ongoing access to unsecured debt markets
  - Critical to delivering shareholder value
- Maintain dividend
- Invest capital generated from legacy portfolio and operating businesses among the following:
  - Loan growth (portfolio acquisitions and originations)
  - Share repurchases
  - Investments that exceed our return hurdle
- ✓ Committed to ensuring excess capital is returned to shareholders

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## Consistently Executing On Our Capital Philosophy

Since 2014 Separation 1 Reduce Optimizing capital structure and return profile, and ensuring Reduced unsecured unsecured debt by \$7.7 billion debt ongoing access to unsecured debt markets Paid \$1.2 billion **Dividends** Consistent quarterly distributions since separation in dividends Originated Highly attractive return profile and leverages our data Loan \$10+ billion of originations and expertise Education Refi Loans Loan portfolios High-return profile loan portfolio acquisitions, and tuck-Acquired \$39 billion and corporate of Education Loans in acquisitions that accelerate capital-lite fee generation acquisitions Repurchased Accretive share repurchases, with total remaining share Share \$3.5 billion of repurchases repurchase authority of \$665 million Navient shares 125%+ Total Payout Ratio Since Separation

All data as of 6/30/2020; Payout ratio shown on the basis of Core Earnings, a non-GAAP financial measure ^ Separation values are as reported 6/30/2014.

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## 2020 Outlook

	Key Company & Business Segment Metrics								
	Full Year 2020 Original Targets <sup>1</sup>	Year to Date 20 Actuals	Full Year 2020 Updated Guidance						
Core Earnings Return on Equity <sup>2</sup>	High Teens to Low Twenties	21%	1	Low to Mid Twenties					
Core Earnings Efficiency Ratio <sup>3</sup>	~50%	48%	1	~50%					
Adjusted Tangible Equity Ratio <sup>4</sup>	Above 6.0%	3.6% (Pro forma Adjusted Ta Equity Ratio of 6.09		4.5% to 5.0%					
Net Interest Margin – Federal Education Loan Segment	Low to Mid 80's	0.94%	V	Low to Mid 90's					
Charge-off Rate – Federal Education Loan Segment	0.06% - 0.08%	0.13%		0.10% to 0.12%					
Net Interest Margin – Consumer Lending Segment	3.00% - 3.10%	3.26%	V	3,00% - 3,10%					
Charge-off Rate – Consumer Lending Segment	1.5% - 1.7%	1.13%	V	1.0% - 1.2%					
EBITDA Margin – Business Processing Segment <sup>5</sup>	High Teens	10%		Low to Mid Teens					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Key Company & Business Segment Metrics were first provided on January 23, 201 Flam is a non-GAAP financial measure. See note 2 on slide 48.

filtern is a non-GAAP financial measure. See note 2 on slide 49. Filtern is a non-GAAP financial measure. See note 3 on slide 49.

<sup>\*</sup>Rem is a non-GAAP financial measure. See note 5 on slide 50. Cumulative demostive accounting mark to market losses increased by 10% to 5002 million during the second quarter lost will reverse to zero as contracts mature. Excluding this amouvolud result in an ATE ratio of 6.0% as of June 50, 2000.

# Funding & Liquidity

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## Q2 2020 Financing and Capital Management

## Financing

- ✓ Issued 2 Private Education Loan ABS transactions for \$1.3 billion
  - ✓ Improvement in enhancement levels for high quality assets increases financing efficiency and reduces reliance on alternative funding
- Extended a FFELP Facility for two years and a Private Education facility for one year
- ✓ Increased capacity in our Private Education Refinance Loan Facility
  - √ Total available capacity for Private Education Loans of \$2.0 billion

## **Capital Management**

- ✓ Increased primary liquidity by \$659 million in the quarter to \$2.4 billion
- Committed to ensuring that excess capital is returned to shareholders
  - ✓ Paid \$31 million in dividends to shareholders
  - √ Total remaining share repurchase authority of \$665 million
- ✓ Pro Forma Adjusted Tangible Equity Ratio (ATE)¹ of 6.0% compared to 5.3% in Q1 2020
  - Cumulative derivative accounting mark to market losses increased by 10% to \$692 million during the quarter but will reverse to zero as contracts mature. Including this amount would result in an ATE ratio of 3.6%

1 flem is a non-GAAP financial measure. See note 5 on slide 50

## **FFELP ABS Transactions**

		NAV	SL 2019	1-4			NAV	SL 2019	9-3		
Pricing Date: Settlement Date:	October 16, 2019 October 25, 2019						September 17, 2019 September 26, 2019				
Issuance Amount:	\$497M							\$749M			
Collateral:	U.S. Government Guaranteed FFELP Consolidation, FFELP Non-Consolidation Loans, and HEAL Loans						U.S. Government Guaranteed FFELP Consolidation and FFELP Non-Consolidation Loan				
Prepayment Speed 1:	4	% CPR Consolidation 8% CPR Rehabi				4	% CPR Consolidation 8% CPI	/ 6% CPR R Rehabili		solidation /	
	Class	Ratings (M/S/D) <sup>2</sup>	Amt. (\$M)	WAL	Pricing <sup>3</sup>	Clas	Ratings (M/S/D) <sup>2</sup>	Amt. (\$M)	WAL	Pricing <sup>3</sup>	
Tranching:	A-1	Aaa / AAA / AAA	\$131	1.00	1ML + 0.28%	А	Asa / AA+ / AAA	\$739	4.95	1ML + 0.839	
	A-2	Asa / AA+ / AAA	\$359	5.93	1ML + 0.81%	В	Asa / AA / AAA	\$11	10.33	1ML + 1.559	
	В	Aaa / AA / AAA	\$7	9.83	1ML + 1.60%						

Constant Repayment Rate (CPR) estimated based on a variety of assumptions concerning to an repayment behavior

\*Represents ratings by Moody's (M), S&P (S), and DBR: \*Pricing represents the re-offer yield to expected call.

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## Private Education Loan ABS Transactions

		1	IAVSL 202	0-F				NAVSL 202	0-E			
Pricing Date: Settlement Date:							June 18, 2020 June 25, 2020					
Issuance Amount:			\$781M			\$499M						
Collateral:		Private	Education R		Private Education Refi Loans							
Prepayment Speed <sup>1</sup> :			15% CPR					15% CPR				
TALF Eligibility:		Clas	is A is TALF E	Eligible		Class A is TALF Eligible						
	Class	Ratings (S/F/D) <sup>2</sup>	Amt (\$M)	WAL	Pricing <sup>3</sup>	Class	Ratings (S/F/D) <sup>2</sup>	Amt (\$M)	WAL	Pricing <sup>3</sup>		
Tranching:	Α	AAA/AAA/AAA	\$725	2.70	Swaps + 100	А	AAA/AAA/AAA	\$460	2.60	Swaps + 145		
	В	NR/NR/AA	\$56	7.38	Swaps + 225	8	NR/NR/AA	\$39	7.31	Swaps + 277		

<sup>\*</sup>Constant Repayment Rate (CPR) estimated based on a variety of assumptions concerning loan repayment behavior

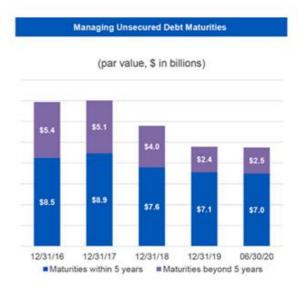
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<sup>\*</sup> Represents ratings by G&P (S), Fitch (F), and DBRS 
\* Pricing represents the re-offer yield to expected cell.

## **Optimized Capital Structure**

#### Long-Term Conservative Funding Approach

- Important to maintain our credit ratings which support ongoing access to the unsecured debt markets
  - We pursue opportunities to repurchase debt in the open market
  - Well positioned to capitalize on improving new issuance markets
- 84% of our education loan portfolio is funded to term
  - Q2 2020 issuance of \$1.3 billion of Private Education Loan ABS compared to \$1.2 billion in Q2 2019
- Returned \$397 million to shareholders through dividends and share repurchases YTD 2020



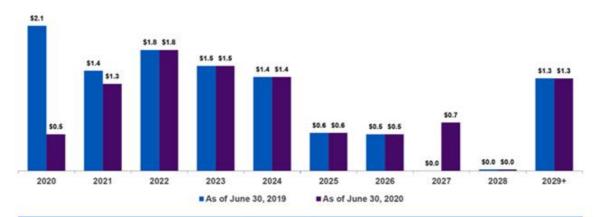
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## Managing Unsecured Debt Maturities

(par value, \$ in billions)



#### Long-term Conservative Funding Approach

- Navient prioritizes continued access to the unsecured debt market as an important component in our capital structure
- · We continue a conservative approach to unsecured debt
  - Navient's total unsecured debt has declined \$1.0 billion or 10%, since the year-ago quarter

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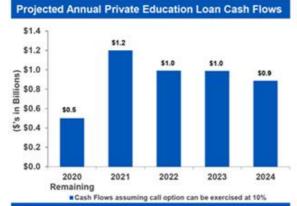
# Education Loan Portfolio Generates Significant Cash Flows

Projected Life of Loan Cash Flow	s over ~20 Years	Optimizing Cash Flows
\$'s in Billions		Generated \$1.4 billion of cash flows YTD 2020
FFELP Cash Flows	06/30/20	N
Secured		Paid down unsecured debt of \$0.7 billion YTD 2020
Residual (including O/C)	\$4.2	
Floor Income	2.0	Returned \$0.4 billion to shareholders through share
Servicing	2.0	repurchase and dividends YTD 2020
Total Secured	\$8.2	
Unencumbered	0.4	Acquired \$2.2 billion of student loans YTD 2020
Total FFELP Cash Flows	\$8.6	Addition of student loans 110 2020
Private Credit Cash Flows		\$17.8 billion of estimated future cash flows remain over
Secured		20 years
Residual (including O/C)	\$5,4	<ul> <li>Includes ~\$6 billion of overcollateralization¹ (O/C) to</li> </ul>
Servicing	0.5	be released from residuals
Total Secured	\$5.9	
Unencumbered	3.3	<ul> <li>\$2.9 billion of unencumbered student loans</li> </ul>
Total Private Cash Flows	\$9.2	Environmentalistical services of the service o
Combined Cash Flows		<ul> <li>\$0.6 billion of hedged FFELP Loan embedded floor</li> </ul>
before Unsecured Debt	\$17.8	income
Unsecured Debt (par value)	\$9.6	

These projections are based on internal estimates and assumptions and are subject to ongoing review and modification. These projections may prove to be incorrect.

# Education Loan Portfolio Generates Meaningful

# Cash Flows Over the Next Five Years



#### **Private Education Loan Portfolio Assumptions**

- The Private Education Loan portfolio is projected to generate \$4.6 billion in cash flows through 2024 excluding operating expenses, taxes and unsecured debt principal and interest payments
- · Future loan originations are not included
- Unencumbered loans of \$2.7 billion are not securitized to term
- Includes the repayment of debt related to asset-backed securitization repurchase facilities when the call option is exercised

## \$1.6 \$1.4 \$1.2 \$1.0 \$0.8 \$0.9 \$0.6 s,s so.4

**Projected Annual FFELP Loan Cash Flows** 

Remaining

Cash Flows assuming trusts run to maturity

#### **FFELP Loan Portfolio Assumptions**

- The FFELP loan portfolio is projected to generate \$4.7 billion in cash flows through 2024 excluding operating expenses, taxes and unsecured debt principal and interest payments
- · Unencumbered loans of \$0.3 billion are not securitized to term
- · Includes projected floor income

2020

\$0.2

\$0.0

## FFELP Cash Flows Highly Predictable

#### \$'s in millions

as of 06/30/2020	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027
Projected FFELP Average Balance	\$59,259	\$54,283	\$48,081	\$42,238	\$36,860	\$31,798	\$27,058	\$22,658
Projected Excess Spread	\$294	\$549	\$488	\$433	\$386	\$345	\$325	\$288
Projected Servicing Revenue	\$145	\$272	\$248	\$224	\$201	\$178	\$155	\$133
Projected Total Revenue	\$439	\$822	\$736	\$657	\$587	\$523	\$480	\$421
	2028 \$18.576	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034+	
Projected FFELP Average Balance	\$18,576	\$14,814	\$11,286	\$8,124	\$5,473	\$3,511	\$889	
Projected Excess Spread	\$253	\$226	\$190	\$157	\$123	\$94	\$92	
Projected Servicing Revenue	\$110	\$88	\$67	\$48	\$32	\$20	\$32	
Projected Total Revenue	\$363	\$314	\$258	\$205	\$155	\$113	\$124	

- Total Cash Flows from Projected Excess Spread = \$4.2 Billion
- Total Cash Flows from Projected Servicing Revenues = \$1.9 Billion

Assumptions No Floor Income, CPRICOR I

These projections are based on internal estimates and assumptions and are subject to ongoing review and modification. These projections may prove to be incorrect. Numbers may not add due to rounding

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## Secured Cash Flow

\$ in Millions	Q2 2	020 YTD		2019		2018		2017
FFELP								
Term Securitized								
Servicing (Cash Paid)	S	118	\$	253	\$	288	\$	314
Other Secured FFELP								
Net Cash Flow 2.3		530		794		634		694
Total FFELP	\$	648	\$	1,223	\$	1,577	\$	1,569
Private Credit								
Term Securitized								
Servicing (Cash Paid)	\$	60	\$	135	\$	147	S	163
Other Secured Financings								
Net Cash Flow		747		684		332		160
Total Private Credit	\$	807	\$	1,200	\$	1,054	\$	742
Total FFELP and Private Credit	\$	1,455	\$	2,423	\$	2,631	\$	2,311
Average Principal Balances	Q2 2	020 YTD		2019	2018		2017	
FFELP								
Term FFELP	\$	58,599	\$	62,969	\$	69,512	s	72,768
Other Secured FFELP		3,392		4,141		3,920		7,110
Total FFELP	\$	61,991	\$	67,110	\$	73,432	\$	79,879
Private Credit								
Term Private Credit	\$	16,244	s	16,795	\$	17,729	\$	19,547
Other Secured Financings		4,616		3,526		3,700		2,406
Total Private Credit	\$	20,860	\$	20,321	\$	21,429	\$	21,953
Total FFELP and Private Credit	\$	82,851	S	87,431	\$	94,861	s	101,832

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding \*The FHLB Facility matured in 2018.

# **FFELP ABS**

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## FFELP ABS Issuance Characteristics

#### FFELP ABS Transaction Features

- · Issue size of \$500M+
- · Senior and subordinate notes
- Amortizing tranches with 1 to 12(+) year average lives
- · Floating rate securities
- Compliant with U.S. risk retention regulations
- · Navient Solutions, LLC is master servicer

### Collateral Characteristics

- Guarantee of underlying collateral insulates bondholders from most risk of loss of principal <sup>1</sup>
- Typically non-dischargeable in bankruptcy

\* Principal and accrued interest on underlying FFELP ican obliateral carry insurance or guarantee of 97%-100% dependent on origination year and on meeting the servicing requirements of the U.S. Department of Education

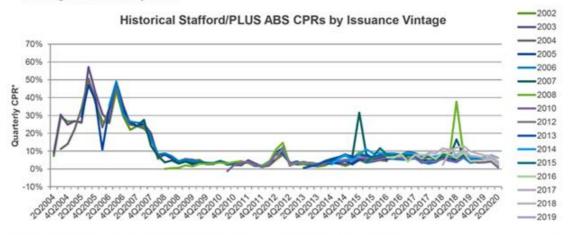
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## FFELP Loan Program Characteristics

Parameter	Subsidized Stafford	Unsubsidized Stafford	PLUS/Grad PLUS	Consolidation
Borrower	Student	Student	Parents or Graduate Students	Student or Parents
Needs Based	Yes	No	No	N/A
Federal Guarantee of Principal and Accrued Interest	97 - 100%	97 - 100%	97 - 100%	97 - 100%
Interest Subsidy Payments	Yes	No	No	Yes <sup>1</sup>
Special Allowance Payments (SAP)	Yes	Yes	Yes <sup>2</sup>	Yes
Original Repayment Term <sup>4</sup>	120 months	120 months	120 months	Up to 360 months
Aggregate Loan Limit	Undergraduate: \$23,000 Graduate: \$65,500	Undergraduate 3: \$57,500 Graduate: \$138,500	None	None

## Navient Stafford & PLUS Loan Prepayments

- Annualized CPRs for Stafford/PLUS ABS trusts have decreased from pre-2008 levels as incentives for borrowers to consolidate have declined
- Higher prepayment activity in mid-2012 was related to the short term availability of the Special Direct Consolidation Loan program
- Prepayments increases occurred in 2015 and 2018 as we exercised our option to purchase assets from selected transactions to mitigate the risk that certain tranches might remain outstanding past their legal final maturity dates



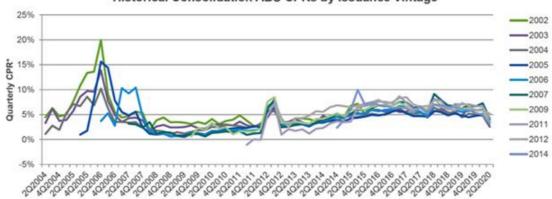
\* Quarletry CPR assumes Sphool and Grace loans are not scheduled to make payments. Deferment, Forbearance and Repayment loans are scheduled to make payments

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## Navient Consolidation Loan Prepayments

- CPRs for Consolidation ABS trusts declined significantly following legislation effective in 2006 that prevented in-school and re-consolidation of borrowers' loans
- Higher prepayment activity in mid 2012 was related to the short term availability of the Special Direct Consolidation Loan program

#### Historical Consolidation ABS CPRs by Issuance Vintage



\* Quarterly CPR assumes School and Grace loans are not scheduled to make payments. Deferment, Forbearance and Repayment loans are scheduled to make payment

# Private Education Loan ABS

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## Private Education Loan ABS Issuance Characteristics

#### Private Education Loan ABS Transaction Features

- Issue size of \$500M+
- · Senior and subordinate notes
- Amortizing tranches with 1 to 10 year average lives
- · Fixed rate and floating rate securities
- Compliant with U.S. risk retention and, depending on the transaction, with European risk retention
- · Navient Solutions, LLC is master servicer

#### **Collateral Characteristics**

- Collateralized by loans made to students and parents to fund college tuition, room and board
  - Seasoned assets benefiting from proven payment history
  - Refi assets with strong credit factors including high FICO scores, income, and ability to pay
- Underwritten using a combination of FICO, custom scorecard & judgmental criteria with risk based pricing, debt-toincome, household income, and free cash flow, as applicable

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Navient Private Education Loan Programs

	Smart Option	Undergrad/Grad/ Med/Law/MBA	Direct-to-Consumer (DTC)	Consolidation (Legacy)	Private Education Refi	Private Education Origination
Origination Channel	School	School	Direct-to-Consumer	Lender	Lender	School
Typical Borrower	Student	Student	Student	College Graduates	College Graduates & Select Non-Graduates	Student
Typical Co-signer	Parent	Parent	Parent	Parent	Parent	Parent
Typical Loan	\$10k avg orig bal, 10 yr avg term, in-school payments of interest only, \$25 or fully deferred		\$12k avg orig bal, 15 yr term, deferred payments	year term depending on	\$50k-75k avg orig bal, 5- 20 year term depending on balance, immediate repayment	\$15k avg orig bal, 5-15 year term, in-school payments of immediate repayment, interest only, \$25 or fully deferred
Origination Period	March 2009 to April 2014	All history through 2014	2004 through 2008	2006 through 2008	2014 through current	April 2019 through current
Certification and Disbursement	School pertified and disbursed	School certified and disbursed	Borrower self-certified, disbursed to borrower	Proceeds to lender to pay off loans being consolidated	Proceeds to lender to pay off loans being consolidated	School certified and disbursed
Borrower Underwriting	FICO, custom credit score model, and judgmental underwriting	Primarily FICO	Primarily FICO	FICO and Debt-to- Income	FICO, Debt-to-Income, Income, Free Cash Flow (as applicable)	FICO, Debt-to-Income, Income, Free Cash Flow (as applicable)
Borrowing Limits	\$200,000	\$100,000 Undergraduate, \$150,000 Graduate	\$130,000	\$400,000	Maximum \$550,000, varies by program	Up to total cost of attendance Private Aggregate Loan Limit of \$250,000
Additional Characteristics	➤ Made to students and parents premarily through college financial aid offices to fund 2-year, 4-year and graduate school college huition, room and board ∴ Also available on a limited basis to students and parents to fund non-degree granting secondary education, including community college, part teme, technical and trade school programs. → Both Title IV and non-Title IV schools. (1)	Made to students and parents through college financial aid offices to fund 2- year, 4-year and graduate school college tution, room and board. Signature, Excel, Law, Med and MBA Loan brands. It till EV schools only 1. Freshmen must have a cosigner with limited exceptions. Co-signer slability test (minimum 3 year repayment history).	Terms and underwriting criteria similar to Undergraduate, Graduate, Medit awiMBA with primary differences being:  Marketing channel - No school certification - Disbursement of proceeds directly to borrower - Tres In V schools only 1 Freshmen must have a co-signer with limited exceptions 1 Co-signer stability test (minimum 3 year repayment bistory)	Student must provide proof of graduation in order to obtain loan	➤ Loans made to high FICO / high income customers with positive free cash flow and/or established credit profiles	➤ Made to students/cosigners with high FICO / high income / positive free cash flow and/or established credit profiles, to fund 4-year and graduate school college haltion, room and board  ➤ 9-month grace period after graduation  ➤ Title IV and non-profit schools only

<sup>1</sup> Title IV Institutions are post-secondary institutions that have a written agreement with the Secretary of Education that allows the institution to participate in any of the Title IV federal student financial assistance programs and the National Early Intervention Scholarship and Partnership (NEISP) programs.

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## Navient Private Education Trusts As of the respective cutoff dates for each transaction

2018-2020YTD Issuance Program	Navient														
	NAV	NAV	NAV	NAV	NAV	NAV	NAV	NAV	NAV	NAV	NAV	NAV	NAV	NAV	NAV
The state of the s	18-D	18-E	19-A	19-B	19-C	19-D	19-E	19-F	19-G	20-A	20-B	20-C	20-D	20-E	20-
ond Amount (\$mil)	626	688	647	550	610	560	535	714	498	620	712	546	808	499	78
nitial AAA Enhancement (%)	23%	14%	14%	21%	12%	22%	13%	9%	10%	23%	10%	24%	10%	10%	10
nitial Enhancement (%)	12%	5%	5%	11%	4%	13%	5%	4%	4%	13%	4%	12%	3%	3%	39
oan Program (%)															
ignature/Law/MBA/Med	44%	0%	0%	31%	0%	63%	0%	0%	0%	36%	0%	84%	0%	0%	09
mart Option	17%	0%	0%	24%	0%	11%	0%	0%	0%	52%	0%	0%	0%	0%	09
consolidation	6%	0%	0%	5%	0%	12%	0%	0%	0%	3%	0%	196	0%	0%	09
rivate Education Refi	22%	100%	100%	30%	100%	0%	100%	100%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	100%	100
Direct to Consumer	11%	0%	0%	10%	0%	13%	0%	0%	0%	9%	0%	11%	0%	0%	09
Career Training		926	0%	92%	0%	1%	9%	926	0%	0%	0%	4%	0%	026	95
otal	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100
ayment Status															
school, Grace, Deferment	5%	0%	1%	6%	0.9	7%	0.00	196		10%	800	6%		1%	08
Repayment	93%	100%	99%	92%	99%	92%	100%	99%	100%	88%	100%	92%	97%	95%	961
orbearance	2%	0%		2%		1%				2%		2%	3%	4%	49
VA Term to Maturity (Mo.)	155	145	151	150	151	163	147	144	143	148	145	166	140	135	14
VA Months in Repayment (Mo.)	611			591		86				86		81		135	
6 Loans with Cosigner	60%	0%	0%	55%	0%	75%	0%	0%	0%	79%	0%	76%	0%	0%	09
6 Loans with No Cosigner	40%	100%	100%	45%	100%	25%	100%	100%	100%	21%	100%	24%	100%	100%	100
VA FICO at Origination	745	760	756	745	756	734	760	762	765	735	760	737	763	781	76
VA Recent FICO at Issuance	748			747		744				741		741			
A FICO (Cosigner at Origination)	743		-	738		744				744	-	746			- 8
/A FICO (Cosigner at Rescored)	754			746	4	753				749		751		-	-
VA FICO (Borrower at Origination)	747	760	756	753	756	705	760	762	765	701	760	709	763	781	76
VA FICO (Borrower at Rescored)	734	*		749		716				710	*	709		*	
VA LIBOR Equivalent Margin 2	5.45%	5.35%	5.49%	6.30%	5.56%	6.02%	5.46%	5.11%	4 83%	5 18%	4.84%	6.69%	4.75%	5.23%	4.7

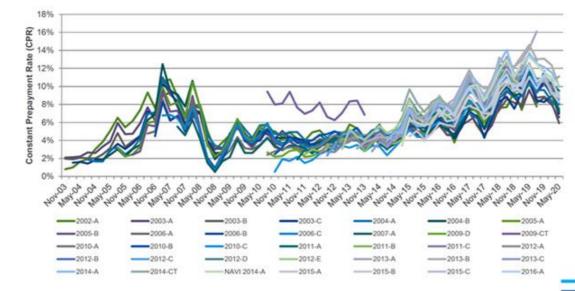
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> AS other loans (non-Nav/Ref) have weighted average months in repayment of 85 months for NAVSL 2018-B and 79 months for NAVSL 2018-D.

<sup>7</sup> Assumes Prime / 1-north LIBOR apread for transactions with Prime collaberal, However for 100% Private Education Refi transactions, represents the gross borrower coupon.

<sup>8</sup> Represents a percentage greater than 0% but less than 0.5%.

## Navient Private Education Legacy Loan Trusts – Prepayment Analysis

 Constant prepayment rates have increased since 2014 on increased seasoning-related voluntary prepayment and the emergence of the external student loan refinance market



# Higher Education Industry

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## At \$1.5 trillion in student loans, the federal government is the largest non-mortgage consumer lender

- Federal loan interest rates, limits and terms are set by Congress.
- All federal loans are issued directly by the U.S. Department of Education since 2010 when federally guaranteed
- Federal loans have no traditional underwriting, and no truth in lending disclosures.
- In AY 18-19, ED disbursed \$93B in student loans, a decline from peak of \$122B in AY 10-11.
- The number of federal borrowers is up by 52% since 2007.

#### Total student loan originations, by type

Private

loans

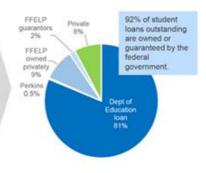
2005 2007 2009 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2015 2016 2017 2019

education

#### The increasing dominance of federal student loan originations versus private loans reflects the federal government's massive involvement in student loans: it owns or guarantees 92% of the \$1.6 trillion outstanding in

student loans.

#### Ownership distribution of student loans



Source: Outstanding data as of 9/30/19 from FSA Data Center and Federal Reserve, Consumer Credit-G.19, Nov. 2019, originations from College Board, "Trends in Student Aid 2019"

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Federal student

loans

100 90

80

70

60 50 Billions, \$

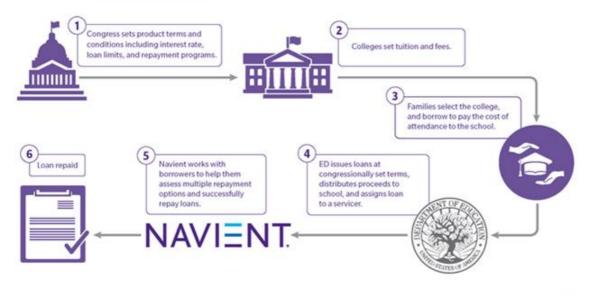
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20

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# In its role as a federal student loan servicer, Navient helps borrowers successfully repay their loans

Servicers begin helping borrowers navigate repayment after important financial decisions about the total cost and experience of their education have already been made.



### There are solutions to many of the challenges faced by borrowers

### 5 recommendations to improve student loan program success:

Provide more front-end resources to improve decision making.

Students and their families need tools to understand how much they'll need to borrow to earn the degree—not simply the current semester—and to assess the likely economic benefits of a chosen field. This kind of information will help students and parents make a more informed assessment about what they can afford.

2 Improve the college completion rate

Just 6 out of 10 bachelor's degree students graduate in six years. Borrowers who struggle the most are often non-completers with low levels of debt. Schools should have some skin in the game when students do not complete and are unable to repay. Many colleges are experimenting with novel approaches to improve graduation rates and should be encouraged and rewarded.

Simplify repayment.

Currently, the government offers 16 repayment plans, 9 forgiveness programs, and 33 deferment and forbearance options—each with its own nuances, payment schedules, qualifications, and complex enrollment criteria. They should be and can be simplified. For example, collapsing the multiple income-driven repayment options into one plan with the most appropriate borrower-friendly terms would be a good start.

A Help borrowers pay off early.

In the rush to help student borrowers, too many have trumpeted lower payments over longer periods as the universal solution despite the higher interest costs many borrowers will pay. We need programs that help struggling borrowers through short-term and long-term challenges, but anyone enrolling should understand the trade-offs to be able to make the right choice for their financial circumstances.

Encourage borrowers to engage with their loan servicers.

Default is avoidable, but borrower contact is key. As a servicer, we've found that nine times out of 10, when we reach struggling federal loan borrowers we are able to help them avoid default by getting them into a repayment plan that works for them. Contact works; let's encourage it.

navient.com/views

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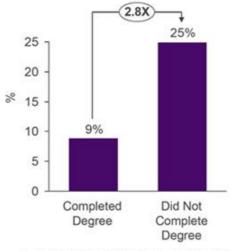
# The borrowers who struggle most are often non-completers with less than \$10,000 in debt

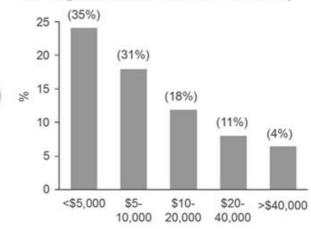
Borrowers who do not complete a degree default at a rate almost three times higher than borrowers who earned a degree ...

Borrowers in default by attainment

... As a result, borrowers who run into trouble repaying usually have below-average amounts of debt.

3-Year Default Rate by loan size and Repayment Cohort (parentheses contain share of all defaults)





Source: President Observa's Council of Economic Advisors, "Investing in Higher Education: Benefits, Challenges, And The State Of Student Debt," <u>July 201</u> fibrie: Years are fiscal years. Loan size is based on balance of loan when entering repayment.

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### Today's federal repayment options are numerous and complex



Discretionary Forbearance

Hardship Forbearance
Mandatory Forbearance

Medical or Dental Internship Residency

Department of Defense Student Loan Repayment Programs National Service

Active Military State Duty Student Loan Debt Burden

Teacher Loan Forgiveness
 Mandatory Administrative Forbearance
 Local or National Emergency

Military Mobilization

Designated Disaster Area Repayment Accommodation Teacher Loan Forgiveness Borrower Defense to Repayment



### **Forgiveness**

Teacher Loan Forgiveness
Loan Forgiveness for Service in Areas of National Need
Civil Legal Assistance Attorney Student Loan Repaymen
Income Contingent Repayment Plan Forgiveness
Income Based Repayment Plan Forgiveness
Pay As You Earn Repayment Plan Forgiveness
Income Based 2014 Repayment Plan Forgiveness
REPAYE Repayment Plan Forgiveness
Public Service Loan Forgiveness

Effective Date Details
(1) Limited to FFELP borrowers with all new loans made on or after July 1, 1993; All DL are eligible.
(2) Limited to FFELP borrowers with all loans made on or after July 1, 1997 and prior to July 1, 1993; DL eligible if borrower has FFELP loan made during this period.
(3) All FFELP and DL loans eligible regardless of disbursement date
(4) HERA aligned FFELP and DL repayment plans for loans first entering repayment on or after July 1, 2006.
(5) Ple July 1, 1996, ICR plans, the DL borrower can choose between ICR1 - the Formula Amount, or ICR2 - the Capped Amount.

(6) The DL borrower can request from 5 alternative repayment plans: Fixed Payment Amount, Fixed Term, Graduated Repayment, Negative Amortization, or Post REPAYE.

### Deferment

School (1) School Full-Time (2)

School Half-Time (2) Post Enrollment (1) Graduate Fellowship (3)

Unemployment Deferment – 2 years (2)
Unemployment Deferment – 3 years (1)
Economic Hardship (1)
Rehabilitation Training Program (3)

Rehabitation Training Program (3)
Military Service (3)
Post-Active Duty Student (3)
Teacher Shortage(2)
Internship/Residency Training (2)
Temporary Total Disability (2)
Armed Forces or Public Health Services (2)
National Oceanic and Atmospheric
Administration Corps (2)
Peace Corps, ACTION Program, and TaxFranch Constitution Military (3)

Exempt Organization Volunteer (2)
18. Parental Leave (2)
19. Mother Entering/Re-entering Work Force (2)
20. Cancer Treatment Deferment

### Repayment plans

DL Standard Pre-HERA FFELP/DL Standard Post-HERA (4) DL Graduated Pre-HERA

FFELP/DL Graduated Post -HERA (4)
DL Extended Pre-HERA
FFELP/DL Extended Post-HERA (4)

Income-Sensitive

Income-Contingent Ver. 1 (5) Income-Contingent Ver. 2 (5) Income-Contingent Ver. 3 Forced Income-Driven

Income-Based

Pay As You Earn Income-Based 2014

Alternative (6)

16. REPAYE

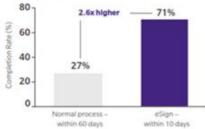
### We've piloted solutions to reduce complexity

#### **IDR** eSign Enrollment

Navient launched a pilot program focusing on past-due FFELP borrowers to explore whether a simpler process could produce better results. Under the pilot, we made contact with the borrower, gathered salary and family information over the phone, and then pre-populated the IDR application. We then securely transmitted the pre-filled application to the borrower for electronic signature. This program is available to assist past-due borrowers across the FFELP and Direct Loan portfolio.

#### The eSign pilot nearly tripled IDR application return rates





55% return the application within a single day.

71% of applications completed within 10 days.

#### Repayment Guide for New Graduates

Navient created a personalized report to help new-to-repayment borrowers to compare their options.



You're about to start repaying your loans - are you in the right plan for you?

Not sure? We can help.

We've created a simple guide that will assist in building repayment strategies, outlining options, and understanding the best way for **you** to manage your federal student loan payments.



Log in to your Navient inbox today to check it out! Create an account if you haven't already done so.

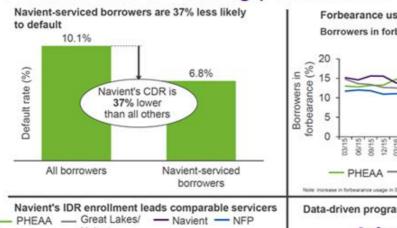
Reminder: you'll be receiving your first statement shortly. Don't delay – create your repayment strategy today!

View your guide today!

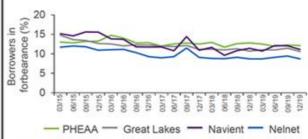
Tips and resources Income-Driven Repayment (IDR) plans and loan forgiveness. Payments under an IDR plan are based on your income, family size, and loan program. Under certain conditions, your morthly payment could be as low as 50. Take a look at a few examples of how an IDR plan might work for you.

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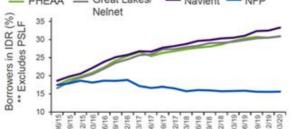
# Navient delivers strong performance for borrowers



Forbearance usage is in-line with other servicers Borrowers in forbearance as a % of repayment\*



ite: increase in forbearance usage in Sept 17 due to diseater relief in Puerto Rico, Florida, and Texas.



Data-driven programs help make contact

### 9 times out of 10

 when we can reach a past-due federal student loan borrower. Navient can help him or her avoid default.



90% of borrowers who defa

have not responded to Navient outreach during th year of missed payments leading up to default.

sources: "Pain data center, receive shuters (user portion), promote by Loss attack, intellestance as a person of an orinivers in replayment, nonearance, and orientest." United Center State Charles S

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### Student Loan Options During the National Emergency: What You Need to Know

As a Navient customer, you have payment relief options available to you no matter what type of loan you have.

### These loans have been automatically placed into forbearance (payments suspended) until October and interest rates have been set to 0% according to the terms of the CARES Act passed by Congress. Your Department of Education (Direct) Loans: Auto Pay payments were paused automatically. · Watch for communications concerning payment resumption in October Contact Navient to discuss your options if you are not able to resume making payments. If you were in an income-driven repayment plan before this forbearance, your recertification date has been pushed back. October: Payments are due on your normal due date and interest rates return to normal. Note: If you are pursuing a loan forgiveness program, you will receive credit during the period of suspension (April - September) as though you made on-time monthly payments. FFELP Loans: Contact Navient to discuss your best option for payment relief. Options include: National Emergency Forbearance Income-Driven Repayment (IDR) Plan Unemployment Deferment · Loan Consolidation into a Direct Loan Note: If you're already in an IDR plan but your income recently changed, you can have your payment recalculated. Private Loans: Contact Navient to discuss your best option for payment relief. Options include: National Emergency Forbearance · Extended Repayment Interest-Only payment · Rate Reduction program

Not sure what type of loan you have? Login to your account at Navient.com to see your loans at a glance. "Type" is next to the loan column and is either Direct, FFELP, or Private. For "FFELP", click the purple plus sign to check your interest rate. If it's been set to 0%, that loan has the same relief benefits as Direct (Department of Education) loans, otherwise see the FFELP Loan relief options above.

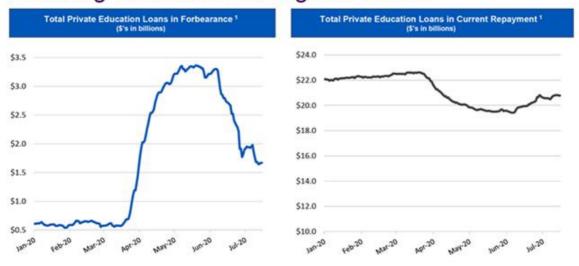


CONTACT NAVIENT at 888-272-5543 to discuss your options.

Keep track of the most up-to-date information at Navient.com/COVID-19

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## Consumer Lending Segment Assisting Borrowers Through the Crisis



- Implemented an extensive, data driven outreach program to inform and assist customers before they return to repayment
- Continue to provide immediate payment relief options to borrowers who have been negatively impacted by the COVID-19 emergency

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# Navient Corporation Appendix

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# Navient Is Focused On Expense Efficiency

(\$ In millions)	Q2 20	Q2 19	Q2 20 YTD	Q2 19 YTD
Reported Core Earnings Expenses	\$214	\$242	\$469	\$499
Year over Year Change in Reported Core Earnings Expenses	(12%)		(6%)	
Restructuring & Reorganization Expenses	\$1	\$1	\$6	\$2
Regulatory-Related Expenses	(\$2)	\$1	\$5	\$8
Adjusted Core Earnings Expenses <sup>1</sup>	\$215	\$240	<u>\$458</u>	\$489
Year over Year Change in Adjusted Core Earnings Expenses	(11%)		(6%)	
Transition Services Agreement	\$4	\$5	\$7	\$12
Costs Associated with Proxy Contest Matters		\$6		\$9
Comparable Core Earnings Total Expenses <sup>1</sup>	\$211	\$229	\$451	\$468
Year over Year Change in Comparable Core Earnings Total Expenses	(8%)		(4%)	

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<sup>&</sup>quot;"Algusted" and "Comparable" expenses are non-GAAP financial measures. By using these measures, management can make better short-term and long-term decisions related to expense management and allocation

# Operating Results "Core Earnings 1" Basis

Selected Financial Information and Ratios					
(In millions, except per share amounts)	Q2 20	Q1 20	Q2 19	2019	2018
GAAP diluted EPS	\$0.64	(\$0.53)	\$0.64	\$2.56	\$1.49
Adjusted Core Earnings EPS <sup>2</sup>	\$0.91	\$0.51	\$0.74	\$2.64	\$2.09
Restructuring and regulatory- related expenses	\$0.01	(\$0.05)	(\$0.00)	(\$0.04)	(\$0.13)
Reported Core Earnings EPS <sup>1</sup>	\$0.92	\$0.46	\$0.74	\$2.60	\$1.96
Average common stock equivalent	195	202	238	233	264
Ending total education loans, net	\$82,383	\$84,830	\$89,520	\$86,820	\$94,498
Average total education loans	\$85,149	\$87,006	\$91,547	\$90,783	\$100,252

<sup>1</sup> ftem is a non-GAAP financial measure. See note 1 on slide 4

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Adjusted district Circ Earnings per share excludes: \$11 million, \$12 million and \$2 million of net restructuring and regulatory-related expenses in second-quarter 2020, first-quarter 2020 and second-quarter 2010; respectively, at \$12 million and \$45 million in \$14 million and \$200 in second-quarter 2010; second 2010

# Federal Education Loans Segment "Core Earnings" Basis

(\$ In millions)	Q2 20	Q1 20	Q2 19
Segment net interest margin	1.07%	0.81%	0.81%
FFELP Loans:			
Provision for loan losses	\$3	\$6	\$8
Charge-offs	\$12	\$19	\$7
Charge-off rate	0.11%	0.15%	0.05%
Greater than 30-days delinquency rate	8.2%	10.5%	10.5%
Greater than 90-days delinquency rate	3.8%	5,4%	6.1%
Forbearance rate	26.6%	15.1%	12.9%
Average FFELP Loans	\$62,141	\$63,894	\$69,084
Operating Expense	\$70	\$83	\$89
Net Income	\$146	\$119	\$131
Number of accounts serviced for ED (in millions)	5.6	5.6	5.7
Total federal loans serviced (in billions)	\$282	\$285	\$289
Contingent collections receivables inventory - education loans (billions)	\$13.5	\$13.6	\$26.3

### 2<sup>nd</sup> Quarter Highlights

#### Federal Education

- Q2 20 Net Interest Margin: 107 basis points
   Q2 20 Charge-off Rate: 11 basis points
- Net interest margin improved 32% primarily driven by favorable interest rate environment
- · Forbearance rate peaked at 28.5% in the second quarter
- · FFELP Loan delinquency rate decreased 22% from 10.5% to
- · Charge-offs increased \$5 million compared to the year ago
  - \$4 million of charge-offs in Q2 20 were the result of the inclusion of loan premiums, as required by CECL
- · Continue to provide immediate payment relief options to borrowers who have been negatively impacted by the COVID-19 emergency

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# Consumer Lending Segment "Core Earnings" Basis

(\$ In millions)	Q2 20	Q1 20	Q2 19
Segment net interest margin	3.20%	3.31%	3.22%
Private Education Loans (including Refinance Loans):			
Provision for loan losses	\$41	\$89	\$60
Charge-offs	\$48	\$68	\$87
Annualized charge-off rate	1.0%	1.3%	1,6%
Greater than 30-days delinquency rate	2.0%	3.6%	5.0%
Greater than 90-days delinquency rate	1.0%	1.6%	2.5%
Forbearance rate	8,4%	6.9%	2.9%
Average Private Education Loans	\$23,008	\$23,112	\$22,463
Operating Expense	\$34	\$39	\$34
Net Income	\$87	\$54	\$85

### 2<sup>nd</sup> Quarter Highlights

### Consumer Lending

- Q2 20 Net Interest Margin: 3.20%
   Q2 20 Charge-off Rate: 1.0%
- · Annualized charge-off rate declined 38% to 1.0%
- · Private Education Loan delinquency rate declined 60% from 5.0% to 2.0%
- · Forbearance rate peaked at 14.7% in the second quarter
- · Provisioned \$41 million for loan losses as a result of the deterioration in the economic environment brought on by
- · Originated \$238 million of high quality Private Education Refinance Loans in the quarter, with average FICOs of 769

## Business Processing Segment "Core Earnings" Basis

(\$ In millions)	Q2 20	Q1 20	Q2 19
Government Services	\$43	\$33	\$40
Healthcare RCM Services	\$21	\$24	\$25
Total Business Processing Revenue	\$64	\$57	\$65
Operating Expenses	\$57	\$54	\$56
EBITDA 1	\$8	\$4	\$11
EBITDA Margin <sup>1</sup>	13%	7%	17%
Net Income	\$6	\$2	\$7
Contingent collections receivables inventory (billions)	\$14.5	\$15.1	\$15.0

### 2<sup>nd</sup> Quarter Highlights

#### **Business Processing**

- · Q2 20 EBITDA Margin 1: 13%
- New Government Services contracts to support states in providing unemployment benefits offset by temporary stoppages of certain collection and processing activity along with lower volume in the transportation related businesses
  - Drawing on its deep, at-scale experience supporting federal, state, and local governments, Navient has supported several states in their management of the substantial increase in unemployment insurance applications.
  - In these successful projects—many brought up within a couple days—Navient has demonstrated its capabilities to understand, communicate, deploy and manage complex, high-volume eligibility programs.
- New Healthcare RCM Services contracts providing contact tracing services offset by lower hospital inventory placements
  - Beginning as a targeted outbound call center, the project has rapidly expanded to support state-wide inbound call center and back office processing

1 fem is a non-GAAP financial measure. See note 4 on slide 50

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# **GAAP Results**

(In millions, except per share amounts)	Q2 20	Q1 20	Q2 19
Net income (loss)	\$125	(\$106)	\$153
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share	\$0.64	(\$0.53)	\$0.64
Operating expenses	\$213	\$251	\$241
Provision for loan losses	\$44	\$95	\$68
Average Education Loans	\$85,149	\$87,006	\$91,547

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### Notes on Non-GAAP Financial Measures

(Dollars in Millions)

In addition to financial results reported on a GAAP basis, Navient also provides certain performance measures which are non-GAAP financial measures. The following non-GAAP financial measures are presented within this Presentation:

- Core Earnings The difference between the company's Core Earnings and its GAAP results is that Core Earnings excludes the impacts of: (1) mark-to-market gains/losses on derivatives and (2) goodwill and acquired intangible asset amortization and impairment. Management uses Core Earnings in making decisions regarding the company's performance and the allocation of corporate resources and, as a result, our segment results are presented using Core Earnings. In addition, Navient's equity investors, credit rating agencies and debt capital investors use these Core Earnings measures to monitor the company's business performance. For further detail and reconciliation, see page 51 of this presentation and pages 14 16 of Navient's second-quarter earnings release.
- Core Earnings Return on Equity (CEROE) Core Earnings Return on Equity is calculated as Core Net income, excluding restructuring and regulatory-related expenses, divided by the quarterly average of GAAP equity for the trailing four quarters. This measure allows management, as well as investors and analysts, to measure the company's use of its equity. The calculation for Q2 2020 is as follows:

Core Earnings Efficiency Ratio – The Core Earnings Efficiency Ratio measures the company's Core Earnings Expenses, excluding restructuring and regulatory-related expenses, relative to its Adjusted Core Earnings Revenue. This ratio can be calculated by dividing Core Earnings Expenses, excluding restructuring and regulatory-related expenses, by Adjusted Core Earnings Revenue. Adjusted Core Earnings Revenue is derived by adding provision for loan losses, and excluding gains or loss on debt repurchases, to Total Core Earnings Revenue. This is a useful measure to management as we plan and forecast, as it removes variables that cannot be easily predicted in advance. By using this measure, management can make better short-term and long-term decisions related to expense management and allocation. The calculation for Q2 2020 is as follows:

<sup>1</sup> Excludes \$(1) million of net restructuring and regulatory-related expenses in second-quarter 2020.
<sup>2</sup> Return on Equity has been annualized.

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### Notes on Non-GAAP Financial Measures

(Dollars in Millions)

- 4. Earnings before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization Expense ("EBITDA") This metric measures the operating performance of the Business Processing segment and is used by management and our equity investors to monitor operating performance and determine the value of those businesses. For further detail and reconciliation, see page 23 of Navient's second-quarter earnings release.
- 5. Adjusted Tangible Equity Ratio (ATE) The Adjusted Tangible Equity Ratio measures Navient's tangible equity, relative to its tangible assets. We adjust this ratio to exclude the assets and equity associated with our FFELP portfolio because FFELP Loans are no longer originated and the FFELP portfolio bears a 3% maximum loss exposure under the terms of the federal guaranty. Management believes that excluding this portfolio from the ratio enhances its usefulness to investors. To determine Adjusted Tangible Equity Ratios, we calculate the Adjusted Tangible Equity (GAAP Total Equity less Goodwill & Acquired Intangible Assets less Equity held for FFELP Loans), and divide by Adjusted Tangible Assets (Total Assets less Goodwill & Acquired Intangible Assets less FFELP Loans). For further detail, see page 23 of Navient's second-quarter earnings release. The calculation for Q2 2020 is as follows:

Adjusted Tangible Equity = (Equity - Goodwill & Intangibles) - Equity held for FFELP Loans

Adjusted Tangible Equity = (\$2,115 - \$746) - (0.005\*\$60,921) = \$1,064

Adjusted Tangible Assets = Total Assets - Goodwill & Intangibles - FFELP Loans

Adjusted Tangible Assets = (\$91,045 - \$746) - \$60,921 = \$29,378

i. Pro Forma Adjusted Tangible Equity Ratio — The following provides a pro forma of what the Adjusted Tangible Equity Ratio would be if the cumulative net mark-to-market losses related to derivative accounting under GAAP were excluded. These cumulative losses reverse to \$0 upon the maturity of the individual derivative instruments. As these losses are temporary, we believe this pro forma presentation is a useful basis for management and investors to further analyze the Adjusted Tangible Equity Ratio. The pro forma calculation for Q2 2020 is as follows:

Pro Forma Adjusted Tangible Equity = Adjusted Tangible Assets - Ending impact of derivative accounting on GAAP equity

# Differences Between Core Earnings And GAAP

Core Earnings adjustments to GAAP: (Dollars in Millions)	39	Quarters Ended	
	Jun. 30, 2020	Mar. 31, 2020	Jun. 30, 2019
GAAP net income (loss)	\$125	(\$106)	\$153
Net impact of derivative accounting	59	247	23
Net impact of goodwill and acquired intangible assets	5	5	11
Net income tax effect	(10)	(53)	(12)
Total Core Earnings adjustments to GAAP	54	199	22
Core Earnings net income (loss)	\$179	\$93	\$175

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### Investor Relations Website

# www.navient.com/investors www.navient.com/abs

- · NAVI / SLM student loan trust data (Debt/asset backed securities NAVI / SLM Student Loan Trusts)
  - Static pool information detailed portfolio stratifications by trust as of the cutoff date
  - Accrued interest factors
  - Quarterly distribution factors
  - Historical trust performance monthly charge-off, delinquency, loan status, CPR, etc. by trust
  - Since issued CPR monthly CPR data by trust since issuance
- · NAVI / SLM student loan performance by trust Issue details
  - Current and historical monthly distribution reports
  - Distribution factors
  - Current rates
  - Prospectus for public transactions and Rule 144A transactions are available through underwriters
- · Additional information (Webcasts and presentations)
  - Archived and historical webcasts, transcripts and investor presentations

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