UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT
Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d)
of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): October 15, 2014

Navient Corporation

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)

001-36228 (Commission File Number) 46-4054283 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

300 Continental Drive, Newark, Delaware (Address of principal executive offices)

19713 (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (302) 283-8000

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

ck the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following isions:
Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

ITEM 2.02 RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION.

On October 15, 2014, Navient Corporation issued a press release announcing its financial results for the quarter ended September 30, 2014. A copy of the press release is furnished as Exhibit 99.1 hereto.

ITEM 9.01 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND EXHIBITS.

(d) Exhibits

Exhibit Number

Description

99.1* Press Release, dated October 15, 2014.

^{*} Furnished herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

NAVIENT CORPORATION

Date: October 15, 2014

By: /s/ Somsak Chivavibul

Somsak Chivavibul Chief Financial Officer

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number Description

99.1* Press Release, dated October 15, 2014.

* Furnished herewith.



NEWS RELEASE

For immediate release

Navient Reports Third-Quarter 2014 Financial Results

Navient Acquires \$1.4 Billion in Student Loans during the Quarter Charge-Off Rates on Private Education Loan Portfolio Improve to Lowest Levels Since 2008 Navient-Serviced Federal Cohort Default Rate 40 Percent Better than National Average

NEWARK, Del., Oct. 15, 2014 — Navient (Nasdaq: NAVI) today released third-quarter 2014 financial results showing continued improvements in delinquencies and defaults since a year ago. During the quarter, the company also acquired \$1.4 billion in student loans, bringing its commitment to success to new customers.

"This quarter again demonstrated improved credit performance," said Jack Remondi, president and CEO, Navient. "Private credit charge-offs set a new record low since 2008, and our education campaign assisted more federal and private loan customers to enroll in the repayment option that best meets their needs. Earlier this week we also successfully completed the transition of our servicing operations and rolled out the Navient brand to our 12 million customers, including launch of new repayment and financial literacy tools. The transition comes at an exciting time for Navient, as we are proud to share that our proactive outreach, data-driven programs, and emphasis on payment plans has helped drive the decline in the national federal student loan cohort default rate. In fact, customers whose loans we service have a default rate 40 percent lower than the national average. On behalf of 6,200 Navient team members, I'm proud of our leadership in helping more people achieve financial success."

For the third-quarter 2014, GAAP net income was \$359 million (\$0.85 diluted earnings per share), compared with \$260 million (\$0.57 diluted earnings per share) for the year-ago quarter.

Core earnings for the quarter were \$218 million (\$0.52 diluted earnings per share), compared with \$259 million (\$0.58 diluted earnings per share) for the yearago quarter. The decrease in core earnings was the result of a \$39 million reduction in asset recovery revenue, primarily related to a legislative reduction in certain fees earned effective July 1, 2014, as well as a \$48 million reduction in net interest income, partially offset by a \$47 million decrease in provisions for loan losses.

Navient reports core earnings because management makes its financial decisions based on such measures. The changes in GAAP net income are impacted by the same core earnings items discussed above, as well as changes in net income attributable to (1) the financial results attributable to the operations of the consumer banking business prior to the spin-off on April 30, 2014, and related restructuring and reorganization expense incurred in connection with the spin-off, (2) unrealized, mark-to-market gains/losses on derivatives and (3) goodwill and acquired intangible asset amortization and impairment. These items are recognized in GAAP but have not been included in core earnings results. Third-quarter 2014 GAAP results included gains of \$226 million from derivative accounting treatment that are excluded from core earnings results, compared with losses of \$19 million in the year-ago period. See "Differences between Core Earnings and GAAP" for a complete reconciliation between GAAP net income and core earnings.

Federally Guaranteed Student Loans (FFELP)

In the FFELP Loans segment, Navient acquires and finances FFELP loans.

Core earnings for the segment were \$79 million in third-quarter 2014, compared with the year-ago quarter's \$91 million. The decrease is primarily due to a reduction in net interest income due to the decrease in FFELP loans outstanding.

The company acquired \$521 million in FFELP loans in third-quarter 2014 for a total of \$1.8 billion of FFELP loans acquired year to date. At Sept. 30, 2014, Navient held \$97.7 billion of FFELP loans.

Private Education Loans

In the private education loans segment, Navient acquires, finances and services private education loans.

Core earnings for the segment were \$98 million in third-quarter 2014, compared with the year-ago quarter's \$75 million, which is primarily the result of a \$46 million decrease in the provision for private education loan losses.

Core earnings third-quarter 2014 private education loan portfolio results vs. third-quarter 2013 are as follows:

- Ÿ Delinquencies of 90 days or more of 3.4 percent of loans in repayment, down from 4.2 percent.
- Ÿ Total delinquencies of 7.9 percent of loans in repayment, down from 9.8 percent.
- Y Annualized charge-off rate of 2.3 percent of average loans in repayment, down from 2.9 percent.
- Ÿ Student loan spread of 4.06 percent, down from 4.12 percent.
- Ÿ Provision for private education loan losses of \$130 million, down from \$176 million.

The company acquired \$848 million in private education loans in third-quarter 2014 for a total of \$1.6 billion of private education loans acquired year to date. At Sept. 30, 2014, Navient held \$30.5 billion of private education loans.

Business Services

Navient's business services segment includes fees primarily from servicing and asset recovery activities.

Business services core earnings were \$85 million in third-quarter 2014, compared with \$127 million in the year-ago quarter. The decrease in core earnings was the result of lower asset recovery revenue, primarily related to a legislative reduction in certain fees earned, as well as a lower balance of FFELP loans serviced.

The company services student loans for 12 million customers, including 6.1 million customers on behalf of the U.S. Department of Education (ED). Navient consistently out-performs other servicers in assisting customers in the repayment of their education loans. For example, Navient placed first in default prevention, according to ED's most recent ranking of major federal student loan servicers.

Operating Expenses

Third-quarter 2014 core earnings operating expenses were \$195 million, compared with \$190 million in the year-ago quarter.

Funding and Liquidity

During the third-quarter 2014, Navient issued \$1.3 billion in FFELP asset-backed securities (ABS) and \$463 million in private education loan ABS.

Shareholder Distributions

In Sept. 2014, Navient paid a common stock dividend of \$0.15 per share.

In May 2014, Navient authorized \$400 million to be utilized in a new common share repurchase program that does not have an expiration date. Navient repurchased 9.5 million shares of common stock for \$167 million in the third quarter of 2014. Remaining repurchase authority at Sept. 30, 2014, was \$168 million.

Spin-Off of Navient

On April 30, 2014, the spin-off of Navient from SLM Corporation was completed and Navient is now an independent, publicly traded company. Due to the relative significance of Navient to SLM Corporation prior to the spin-off, for financial reporting purposes, Navient is treated as the "accounting spinnor" and therefore is the "accounting successor" to SLM Corporation as constituted prior to the spin-off, notwithstanding the legal form of the spin-off. Since Navient is the accounting successor to SLM Corporation, the historical financial statements of SLM Corporation prior to the distribution on April 30, 2014 are the historical financial statements of Navient. As a result, the GAAP financial results reported in this earnings release include the historical financial results of SLM Corporation prior to the spin-off on April 30, 2014 (i.e., such consolidated results include both the loan management, servicing and asset recovery business (Navient) and the consumer banking business (SLM Corporation)) and reflect the deemed distribution of the consumer banking business to SLM Corporation's stockholders on April 30, 2014. See "Presentation of Information" and "Spin-Off of Navient" for further information.

* * :

Navient reports financial results on a GAAP basis and also provides certain core earnings performance measures. The difference between the company's core earnings and GAAP results for the periods presented were (1) the financial results attributable to the operations of the consumer banking business prior to the spin-off on April 30, 2014 and related restructuring and reorganization expense incurred in connection with the spin-off, (2) unrealized, mark-to-market gains/losses on derivatives and (3) goodwill and acquired intangible asset amortization and impairment. These items are recognized in GAAP but have not been included in core earnings results. Navient provides core earnings measures because this is what management uses when making management decisions regarding the company's performance and the allocation of corporate resources. In addition, Navient's equity investors, credit rating agencies and debt capital providers use these core earnings measures to monitor the company's business performance. See "'Core Earnings' — Definition and Limitations" for a further discussion and a complete reconciliation between GAAP net income and core earnings.

Definitions for capitalized terms in this document can be found in Navient's Form 10 (filed with the SEC on April 10, 2014, and declared effective on April 14, 2014). Certain reclassifications have been made to the balances as of and for the three and nine months ended Sept. 30, 2013, to be consistent with classifications adopted for 2014, and had no effect on net income, total assets or total liabilities.

* * *

Navient will host an earnings conference call tomorrow, Oct. 16, at 8 a.m. EDT. Navient executives will be on hand to discuss various highlights of the quarter and to answer questions related to the company's performance. Individuals interested in participating in the call should dial 855-267-0359 (USA and Canada) or dial 267-751-3600 (international) and use access code 14200427 starting at 7:45 a.m. EDT. A live audio webcast of the conference call may be accessed at www.navient.com/investors. A replay of the conference call will be available via Navient's website approximately two hours after the call's conclusion. A telephone replay may be accessed approximately two hours after the call's conclusion through Oct. 30, by dialing 855-859-2056 (USA and Canada) or 404-537-3406 (international) with access code 14200427.

Presentation slides for the conference call, as well as additional information about the company's loan portfolios, operating segments, and other details, may be accessed at www.navient.com/investors under the webcasts tab.

This press release contains "forward-looking statements" and information based on management's current expectations as of the date of this release. Statements that are not historical facts, including statements about the company's beliefs or expectations and statements that assume or are dependent upon future events, are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other factors that may cause actual results to be materially different from those reflected in such forward-looking statements. These factors include, among others, the risks and uncertainties set forth in Item 1A "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in Navient's Form 10, as amended, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on April 10, 2014 and subsequent filings with the SEC; increases in financing costs; limits on liquidity; increases in costs associated with compliance with laws and regulations; changes in accounting standards and the

impact of related changes in significant accounting estimates; any adverse outcomes in any significant litigation to which the company is a party; credit risk associated with the company's exposure to third parties, including counterparties to the company's derivative transactions; and changes in the terms of student loans and the educational credit marketplace (including changes resulting from new laws and the implementation of existing laws). The company could also be affected by, among other things: changes in its funding costs and availability; reductions to its credit ratings or the credit ratings of the United States of America; failures of its operating systems or infrastructure, including those of third-party vendors; damage to its reputation; failures to successfully implement cost-cutting and adverse effects of such initiatives on its business; risks associated with restructuring initiatives, including the recently completed separation of Navient from SLM Corporation; changes in law and regulations with respect to the student lending business and financial institutions generally; increased competition from other loan servicers; the creditworthiness of its customers; changes in the general interest rate environment, including the rate relationships among relevant money-market instruments and those of its earning assets vs. its funding arrangements; changes in general economic conditions; the company's ability to successfully effectuate any acquisitions and other strategic initiatives; and changes in the demand for debt management services. The preparation of the company's consolidated financial statements also requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions including estimates and assumptions about future events. These estimates or assumptions may prove to be incorrect. All forward-looking statements contained in this release are qualified by these cautionary statements and are made only as of the date of this release. The company does not undertake any obligation to update or revise thes

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About Navient

As the nation's leading loan management, servicing and asset recovery company, Navient (Nasdaq: NAVI) helps customers navigate the path to financial success. Servicing more than \$300 billion in student loans, the company supports the educational and economic achievements of more than 12 million Americans. A growing number of government and higher education clients rely on Navient for proven solutions to meet their financial goals. Learn more at navient.com. Created from the strategic separation of Sallie Mae, Navient began trading on Nasdaq as an independent company on May 1, 2014.

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Presentation of Information

Unless the context otherwise requires, references in this earnings release to:

- Y "We," "our," "us," or the "Company" with respect to any period on or prior to the date of the Spin-Off refers to Old SLM and its consolidated subsidiaries as constituted prior to the Spin-Off, and any references to "Navient," "we," "our," "us," or the "Company" with respect to any period after the date of the Spin-Off refers to Navient and its consolidated subsidiaries.
- Ÿ "Old SLM" refers to SLM Corporation, as it existed prior to the Spin-Off, and its consolidated subsidiaries. As part of an internal corporate reorganization of Old SLM, Old SLM was merged into a limited liability company and became a subsidiary of Navient, changing its name to "Navient, LLC."
- Ÿ Navient's historical business and operations refer to Old SLM's portfolio of FFELP and private education student loans not held by Sallie Mae Bank, together with the servicing and asset recovery businesses that were retained by or transferred to Navient in connection with the internal corporate reorganization.
- Ÿ "SLM BankCo" refers to New BLC Corporation, which became the publicly traded successor to Old SLM on April 29, 2014 by virtue of a merger pursuant to Section 251(g) of the Delaware General Corporation Law ("DGCL"), and its consolidated subsidiaries. Following consummation of the merger, New BLC Corporation changed its name to SLM Corporation. Immediately after the Spin-Off, SLM BankCo's business consists primarily of the consumer banking business previously operated by Old SLM, which includes Sallie Mae Bank and its portfolio of Private Education Loans, a new Private Education Loan servicing business and the Upromise Rewards business.
- Y "Spin-Off" collectively refers to the internal reorganization of Old SLM and the distribution of Navient.

Spin-Off of Navient

On April 30, 2014, Old SLM completed its planned separation into two entities — Navient, a loan management, servicing and asset recovery business, and SLM BankCo, comprised primarily of Sallie Mae Bank and its Private Education Loan originations business and the Private Education Loans it held. The separation was completed through the distribution of 100 percent of the outstanding shares of Navient common stock, on the basis of one share of Navient common stock for each share of Old SLM common stock.

Due to the relative significance of Navient to Old SLM, among other factors, for financial reporting purposes Navient is treated as the "accounting spinnor" and therefore is the "accounting successor" to Old SLM, notwithstanding the legal form of the Spin-Off. As a result, the historical GAAP financial statements of Old SLM prior to the distribution on April 30, 2014 are the historical financial statements of Navient. For that reason the historical GAAP financial information related to periods on or prior to April 30, 2014 contained in this earnings release is that of Old SLM (which includes the consolidated results of both the loan management, servicing and asset recovery business (Navient) and the consumer banking business (SLM BankCo)).

Since Navient is the "accounting spinnor," the GAAP financial statements of Navient reflect the deemed distribution of SLM BankCo to SLM BankCo's stockholders on April 30, 2014, notwithstanding the legal form of the Spin-Off in which Navient stock was distributed to the stockholders of SLM BankCo.

Selected Historical Financial Information and Ratios

			Quarte	ers Ended			Nine Months Ended					
(In millions, except per share data)	Sej	otember 30, 2014		ne 30, 014	Sej	ptember 30, 2013	Sej	ptember 30, 2014	September 30, 2013			
GAAP Basis	_	2014		.014	_	2013	_	2014	_	2013		
Net income attributable to Navient Corporation	\$	359	\$	307	\$	260	\$	885	\$	1,149		
Diluted earnings per common share attributable to												
Navient Corporation	\$.85	\$.71	\$.57	\$	2.05	\$	2.52		
Weighted average shares used to compute diluted earnings												
per share		423		430		445		429		450		
Net interest margin, FFELP Loans		1.32%		1.27%		1.34%		1.30%		1.27%		
Net interest margin, Private Education Loans		3.91%		4.11%		4.21%		4.13%		4.13%		
Return on assets		1.05%		.87%		.67%		.83%		.95%		
Ending FFELP Loans, net	\$	97,707	\$ 9	9,730	\$	106,350	\$	97,707	\$	106,350		
Ending Private Education Loans, net		30,476	3	30,324		37,752		30,476		37,752		
Ending total student loans, net	\$	128,183	\$13	0,054	\$	144,102	\$	128,183	\$	144,102		
Average FFELP Loans	\$	98,736	\$10	0,926	\$	107,483	\$	101,113	\$	114,387		
Average Private Education Loans		31,179	3	3,811		38,102		34,617		38,220		
Average total student loans	\$	129,915	\$13	34,737	\$	145,585	\$	135,730	\$	152,607		
"Core Earnings" Basis(1)												
Net income attributable to Navient Corporation	\$	218	\$	241	\$	259	\$	601	\$	968		
Diluted earnings per common share attributable to												
Navient Corporation	\$.52	\$.56	\$.58	\$	1.40	\$	2.15		
Weighted average shares used to compute diluted earnings												
per share		423		430		445		429		450		
Net interest margin, FFELP Loans		.93%		.89%		.92%		.89%		.87%		
Net interest margin, Private Education Loans		3.96%		4.00%		3.92%		3.96%		3.87%		
Return on assets		.64%		.70%		.71%		.58%		.85%		
Ending FFELP Loans, net	\$	97,707	\$ 9	9,730	\$	105,135	\$	97,707	\$	105,135		
Ending Private Education Loans, net		30,476	3	30,324		31,591		30,476		31,591		
Ending total student loans, net	\$	128,183	\$13	0,054	\$	136,726	\$	128,183	\$	136,726		
Average FFELP Loans	\$	98,736	\$10	0,467	\$	106,316	\$	100,498	\$	113,287		
Average Private Education Loans		31,179	3	31,408		32,256		31,369		32,359		
Average total student loans	\$	129,915	\$13	31,875	\$	138,572	\$	131,867	\$	145,646		

^{(1) &}quot;Core Earnings" are non-GAAP financial measures and do not represent a comprehensive basis of accounting. For a greater explanation of "Core Earnings," see the section titled "'Core Earnings' — Definition and Limitations" and subsequent sections.

FFELP Loan Segment Performance Metrics — "Core Earnings"

		Quarte	rs Ended			Nine Months Ended				
(Dollars in millions)	mber 30, 2014		June 30, 		ember 30, 2013	September 30, 2014			mber 30, 2013	
FFELP Loan spread	1.02%		.98%		1.03%		.98%		.98%	
Net interest margin	.93%		.89%		.92%		.89%		.87%	
Provision for loan losses	\$ 10	\$	10	\$	11	\$	30	\$	40	
Charge-offs	\$ 14	\$	15	\$	14	\$	51	\$	56	
Charge-off rate	.08%		.08%		.07%		.09%		.09%	
Total delinquency rate	15.1%		14.8%		17.1%		15.1%		17.1%	
Greater than 90-day delinquency rate	7.6%		7.0%		8.8%		7.6%		8.8%	
Forbearance rate	16.8%		17.2%		14.5%		16.8%		14.5%	

Private Education Loan Segment Performance Metrics — "Core Earnings"

		Quarters Ended		Nine Months Ended				
(Dollars in millions)	ember 30, 2014	June 30, 2014		mber 30, 2013	September 30, 2014			ember 30, 2013
Private Education Loan spread	 4.06%	4.10%		4.12%		4.05%	<u></u>	4.10%
Net interest margin	3.96%	4.00%		3.92%		3.96%		3.87%
Provision for loan losses	\$ 130	\$ 145	\$	176	\$	411(1)	\$	570
Charge-offs	\$ 158	\$ 166	\$	205	\$	543	\$	649
Charge-off rate	2.3%	2.5%		2.9%		2.7%		3.1%
Total delinquency rate	7.9%	7.1%		9.8%		7.9%		9.8%
Greater than 90-day delinquency rate	3.4%	3.2%		4.2%		3.4%		4.2%
Forbearance rate	4.4%	4.2%		3.8%		4.4%		3.8%
Loans in repayment greater than 12 months	91.0%	90.9%		87.0%		91.0%		87.0%
Cosigner rate	64%	64%		63%		64%		63%
Average FICO	718	718		717		718		717

⁽¹⁾ Prior to the Spin-Off, Sallie Mae Bank sold \$666 million of loans to Old SLM in the quarter ended March 31, 2014 for (1) securitization transactions at Old SLM and (2) to enable Old SLM to manage loans either granted forbearance or were 90 days or more past due. In the quarter ended March 31, 2014, \$29 million of the allowance for loan loss balance was transferred from Sallie Mae Bank to Old SLM. As a result, Old SLM did not need to provide additional provision for loan losses for these loans in the quarter ended March 31, 2014. Had the allowance not transferred from Sallie Mae Bank to Old SLM, the provision would have been \$440 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014.

Business Services Segment Performance Metrics — "Core Earnings"

(Dollars in billions)	September 30, 2014	June 30, 2014	 nber 30, 013
Contingent asset recovery receivables	\$ 16.0	\$ 16.3	\$ 15.2
Number of accounts serviced for ED (in millions)	6.1	5.8	5.7
Total federal loans serviced	\$ 277	\$ 272	\$ 262

Results of Operations

We present the results of operations below first on a consolidated basis in accordance with GAAP. Following our discussion of consolidated earnings results on a GAAP basis, we present our results on a segment basis. We have four business segments: FFELP Loans, Private Education Loans, Business Services and Other. Since these segments operate in distinct business environments and we manage and evaluate the financial performance of these segments using non-GAAP financial measures, these segments are presented on a "Core Earnings" basis (see "'Core Earnings' — Definition and Limitations").

GAAP Statements of Income (Unaudited)

		(Quarters Ende	ed		•	tember vs. June 30 Incre (Decre	2014 rase	September 30, 2014 vs. September 30, 2013 Increase (Decrease)			
(In millions, except per share data)	Septem 20		June 30, 2014	Sep	tember 30, 2013	\$		%	\$		%	
Interest income:												
FFELP Loans	\$	638	\$ 631	\$	698	\$	7	1%		60)	(9)%	
Private Education Loans		490	539		635	(49)	(9)	(1	45)	(23)	
Other loans		2	2		3		_			(1)	(33)	
Cash and investments		2	3		4		<u>(1)</u>	(33)		(2)	(50)	
Total interest income		1,132	1,175		1,340		43)	(4)		08)	(16)	
Total interest expense		508	513		541		<u>(5</u>)	(1)		33)	(6)	
Net interest income		624	662		799		38)	(6)		75)	(22)	
Less: provisions for loan losses		140	165		207	(25)	(15)	(67)	(32)	
Net interest income after provisions for loan losses		484	497		592	(13)	(3)	(1	08)	(18)	
Other income (loss):												
Gains on sales of loans and investments		_	_		_		_	_		_	_	
Gains (losses) on derivative and hedging activities, net		108	61		(127)		47	77		35	185	
Servicing revenue		81	73		83		8	11		(2)	(2)	
Asset recovery revenue		65	132		104	(67)	(51)	(39)	(38)	
Gains on debt repurchases					_							
Other income		34	9		9		25	278		25	278	
Total other income		288	275		69		13	5	2	19	317	
Expenses:												
Operating expenses		195	211		257	(16)	(8)	(62)	(24)	
Goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment and amortization										(0)	(=0)	
expense		2	2		4					(2)	(50)	
Restructuring and other reorganization expenses		14	<u>61</u>		12		<u>47</u>)	(77)		2	17	
Total expenses		211	274		273		<u>63</u>)	(23)		62)	(23)	
Income from continuing operations, before income tax expense		561	498		388		63	13		73	45	
Income tax expense		200	191		136		9	5		64	47	
Net income from continuing operations		361	307		252		54	18	1	09	43	
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax expense (benefit)		(2)			8		(2)	(100)	(10)	(125)	
Net income		359	307		260		52	17		99	38	
Less: net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest					<u> </u>		_			=		
Net income attributable to Navient Corporation		359	307		260		52	17		99	38	
Preferred stock dividends		_	2		5		(2)	(100)		(5)	(100)	
Net income attributable to Navient Corporation common stock	\$	359	\$ 305	\$	255	\$	54	18%	\$ 1	04	41%	
Basic earnings (loss) per common share attributable to Navient Corporation:	-		<u> </u>	_ _		_	_					
Continuing operations	\$.87	\$.72	\$.56	\$.	15	21%	\$.	31	55%	
Discontinued operations	Ψ		Ψ ./ <u>-</u>	Ψ	.02	Ψ.	_			02)	(100)	
Total	\$.87	\$.72	\$.58	\$.	15	21%		29	50%	
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share attributable to Navient Corporation:	Ψ	.07	<u>\$.72</u>	J	.30	y .	13		φ.	<u> </u>		
Corporation: Continuing operations	\$.85	\$.71	\$.55	\$.	14	20%	\$.	30	55%	
Discontinued operations	Ф	.05	3 ./1	Þ	.02			20%		02)	(100)	
Total	¢			¢	.57		_				49%	
	\$.85		\$			14	20%	э .	28		
Dividends per common share attributable to Navient Corporation	\$.15	\$.15	\$.15	\$		<u> </u>	\$	=	<u> </u>	

GAAP Statements of Income (Unaudited)

		iths Ended iber 30,	Increase (Decrease)			
(In millions, except per share data)	2014	2013	\$	<u>%</u>		
Interest income:						
FFELP Loans	\$ 1,916	\$ 2,138	\$ (222)	(10)%		
Private Education Loans	1,673	1,884	(211)	(11)		
Other loans	7	9	(2)	(22)		
Cash and investments	7	13	(6)	(46)		
Total interest income	3,603	4,044	(441)	(11)		
Total interest expense	1,550	1,666	(116)	(7)		
Net interest income	2,053	2,378	(325)	(14)		
Less: provisions for loan losses	490	649	(159)	(24)		
Net interest income after provisions for loan losses	1,563	1,729	(166)	(10)		
Other income (loss):						
Gains on sales of loans and investments	_	307	(307)	(100)		
Gains (losses) on derivative and hedging activities, net	161	(140)	301	215		
Servicing revenue	217	223	(6)	(3)		
Asset recovery revenue	308	312	(4)	(1)		
Gains on debt repurchases	_	42	(42)	(100)		
Other income	49	66	(17)	(26)		
Total other income	735	810	(75)	(9)		
Expenses:						
Operating expenses	773	737	36	5		
Goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment and amortization expense	7	10	(3)	(30)		
Restructuring and other reorganization expenses	102	46	56	122		
Total expenses	882	793	89	11		
Income from continuing operations, before income tax expense	1,416	1,746	(330)	(19)		
Income tax expense	530	645	(115)	(18)		
Net income from continuing operations	886	1,101	(215)	(20)		
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax expense (benefit)	(1)	47	(48)	(102)		
Net income	885	1,148	(263)	(23)		
Less: net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	_	(1)	1	(100)		
Net income attributable to Navient Corporation	885	1,149	(264)	(23)		
Preferred stock dividends	6	15	(9)	(60)		
Net income attributable to Navient Corporation common stock	\$ 879	\$ 1,134	\$ (255)	(22)%		
Basic earnings (loss) per common share attributable to Navient Corporation:						
Continuing operations	\$ 2.09	\$ 2.46	\$ (.37)	(15)%		
Discontinued operations	_	.10	(.10)	(100)		
Total	\$ 2.09	\$ 2.56	\$ (.47)	(18)%		
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share attributable to Navient Corporation:						
Continuing operations	\$ 2.05	\$ 2.42	\$ (.37)	(15)%		
Discontinued operations	_	.10	(.10)	(100)		
Total	\$ 2.05	\$ 2.52	\$ (.47)	(19)%		
Dividends per common share attributable to Navient Corporation	\$.45	\$.45	\$ —	<u> </u>		

GAAP Balance Sheet (Unaudited)

(In millions, except share and per share data)
Assets

FFELP Loans (net of allowance for losses of \$92; \$96 and \$130, respectively)

September 30, 2014

\$

97,707

June 30, 2014

\$ 99,730

September 30, 2013

\$ 106,350

FFELF Loans (net of anowance for losses of \$52, \$50 and \$150, respectively)	\$ 37,707	\$ 99,730	\$ 100,550
Private Education Loans (net of allowance for losses of \$1,959; \$1,983 and \$2,144, respectively)	30,476	30,324	37,752
Cash and investments	2,564	2,294	5,325
Restricted cash and investments	3,683	3,613	4,287
Goodwill and acquired intangible assets, net	371	373	436
Other assets	5,544	6,642	7,420
Total assets	\$ 140,345	\$142,976	\$ 161,570
Liabilities			
Short-term borrowings	\$ 5,994	\$ 4,316	\$ 15,572
Long-term borrowings	127,669	131,919	136,944
Other liabilities	2,526	2,720	3,422
Total liabilities	136,189	138,955	155,938
Commitments and contingencies			
Equity			
Preferred stock, par value \$0.20 per share, 20 million shares authorized:			
Series A: 0 million; 0 million and 3.3 million shares, respectively, issued at stated value of \$50 per share	_	_	165
Series B: 0 million; 0 million and 4 million shares, respectively, issued at stated value of \$100 per share	_	_	400
Common stock, par value \$0.01, \$0.01 and \$0.20 per share, respectively; 1.125 billion shares			
authorized: 425 million; 424 million and 544 million shares, respectively, issued	4	4	109
Additional paid-in capital	2,880	2,868	4,373
Accumulated other comprehensive income, net of tax expense	8	7	8
Retained earnings	1,521	1,224	2,385
Total Navient Corporation stockholders' equity before treasury stock	4,413	4,103	7,440
Less: Common stock held in treasury: 15 million; 5 million and 108 million shares, respectively	(257)	(82)	(1,813)
Total Navient Corporation stockholders' equity	4,156	4,021	5,627
Noncontrolling interest	_	_	5
Total equity	4,156	4,021	5,632
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 140,345	\$142,976	\$ 161,570

Consolidated Earnings Summary — GAAP basis

Three Months Ended September 30, 2014 Compared with Three Months Ended September 30, 2013

For the three months ended September 30, 2014, net income was \$359 million, or \$0.85 diluted earnings per common share, compared with net income of \$260 million, or \$0.57 diluted earnings per common share, for the three months ended September 30, 2013. The increase in net income was primarily due to a \$235 million increase in net gains on derivative and hedging activities, a \$67 million decline in the provisions for loan losses, lower operating expenses of \$62 million and a \$25 million increase in other income. This was partially offset by a \$175 million decline in net interest income and a \$39 million decrease in asset recovery revenue.

The primary contributors to each of the identified drivers of changes in net income for the current quarter compared with the year-ago quarter are as follows:

- Ý Net interest income decreased by \$175 million, of which \$112 million related to the deemed distribution of SLM BankCo on April 30, 2014. Also contributing to the decrease was a reduction in FFELP net interest income resulting from a \$9 billion decline in average FFELP Loans outstanding.
- Ÿ Provisions for loan losses declined \$67 million primarily as a result of the overall improvement in Private Education Loans' credit quality, delinquency and charge-off trends leading to decreases in expected future charge-offs.
- Ÿ Gains (losses) on derivative and hedging activities, net, increased \$235 million. The primary factors affecting the change were interest rate and foreign currency fluctuations, which primarily affected the valuations of our Floor Income Contracts, basis swaps and foreign currency hedges during each period. Valuations of derivative instruments vary based upon many factors including changes in interest rates, credit risk, foreign currency fluctuations and other market factors. As a result, net gains and losses on derivative and hedging activities may continue to vary significantly in future periods.
- Ÿ Asset recovery revenue decreased \$39 million primarily as a result of the Bipartisan Budget Act (the "Budget Act") enacted on December 26, 2013 and effective on July 1, 2014, which reduced the amount paid to Guarantor agencies for defaulted FFELP Loans that are rehabilitated. This legislative reduction in fees earned represents \$32 million of the \$39 million decrease in asset recovery revenue.
- Y Other income increased \$25 million primarily due to an increase in foreign currency translation gains. The foreign currency translation gains relate to a portion of our foreign currency denominated debt that does not receive hedge accounting treatment. These gains were partially offset by the "gains (losses) on derivative and hedging activities, net" line item on the income statement related to the derivatives used to economically hedge these debt instruments.
- Ÿ Operating expenses decreased \$62 million, of which \$67 million related to the deemed distribution of SLM BankCo on April 30, 2014.
- Ÿ Restructuring and other reorganization expenses increased \$2 million to \$14 million. These expenses were primarily related to costs incurred in connection with the Spin-Off. We expect these costs to decline as we complete our transition efforts.

We repurchased 9.5 million shares of our common stock during the three months ended September 30, 2014 as part of our common share repurchase program. There were no repurchases in the year-ago quarter. Primarily as a result of ongoing common share repurchases, our average outstanding diluted shares decreased by 22 million common shares from the year-ago quarter.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 Compared with Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013

For the nine months ended September 30, 2014, net income was \$885 million, or \$2.05 diluted earnings per common share, compared with net income of \$1.1 billion, or \$2.52 diluted earnings per common share, for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The decrease in net income was primarily due to a \$325 million decline in net interest income, \$312 million in gains from the sale of Residual Interests in FFELP Loan securitization trusts that occurred in the first half of 2013, a \$38 million after-tax gain from the sale of the Campus Solutions

business in the year-ago period, a \$42 million decrease in debt repurchase gains, higher operating expenses of \$36 million and higher restructuring and other reorganization costs of \$56 million. This was partially offset by a \$159 million decline in the provisions for loan losses and a \$301 million increase in net gains on derivative and hedging activities.

The primary contributors to each of the identified drivers of changes in net income for the current nine-month period compared with the year-ago nine-month period are as follows:

- Ÿ Net interest income decreased by \$325 million, of which \$138 million related to the deemed distribution of SLM BankCo on April 30, 2014. Also contributing to the decrease was a reduction in FFELP net interest income resulting from a \$13 billion decline in average FFELP Loans outstanding. This decline in FFELP Loans was due, in part, to the sale of Residual Interests in FFELP Loan securitization trusts in the first half of 2013. There were approximately \$12 billion of FFELP Loans in these trusts at the time of sale.
- Ÿ Provisions for loan losses declined \$159 million primarily as a result of the overall improvement in Private Education Loans' credit quality, delinquency and charge-off trends leading to decreases in expected future charge-offs.
- Ÿ Gains on sales of loans and investments decreased by \$307 million as the result of \$312 million in gains on the sales of the Residual Interests in FFELP Loan securitization trusts in the first-half of 2013. There were no sales in the current nine-month period.
- Y Gains (losses) on derivative and hedging activities, net, increased \$301 million. The primary factors affecting the change were interest rate and foreign currency fluctuations, which primarily affected the valuations of our Floor Income Contracts, basis swaps and foreign currency hedges during each period. Valuations of derivative instruments vary based upon many factors including changes in interest rates, credit risk, foreign currency fluctuations and other market factors. As a result, net gains and losses on derivative and hedging activities may continue to vary significantly in future periods.
- Ÿ Gains on debt repurchases decreased \$42 million. Debt repurchase activity will fluctuate based on market fundamentals and our liability management strategy.
- Ÿ In first-quarter 2014, we recorded \$103 million of additional reserve for regulatory matters which were resolved in second-quarter 2014. Excluding this regulatory reserve, operating expenses decreased \$67 million. This decrease was primarily due to \$118 million related to the deemed distribution of SLM BankCo on April 30, 2014, partially offset primarily by increases in our third-party servicing and asset recovery activities.
- Ÿ Restructuring and other reorganization expenses increased \$56 million to \$102 million. These expenses were primarily related to third-party costs incurred in connection with the Spin-Off. We expect these costs to decline as we complete our transition efforts.

We repurchased 21.7 million shares and 19.3 million shares of our common stock during the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, as part of our common share repurchase program. Primarily as a result of ongoing common share repurchases, our average outstanding diluted shares decreased by 21 million common shares from the year-ago period.

"Core Earnings" — Definition and Limitations

We prepare financial statements in accordance with GAAP. However, we also evaluate our business segments on a basis that differs from GAAP. We refer to this different basis of presentation as "Core Earnings." We provide this "Core Earnings" basis of presentation on a consolidated basis for each business segment because this is what we review internally when making management decisions regarding our performance and how we allocate resources. We also refer to this information in our presentations with credit rating agencies, lenders and investors. Because our "Core Earnings" basis of presentation corresponds to our segment financial presentations, we are required by GAAP to provide "Core Earnings" disclosure in the notes to our consolidated financial statements for our business segments.

"Core Earnings" are not a substitute for reported results under GAAP. We use "Core Earnings" to manage each business segment because "Core Earnings" reflect adjustments to GAAP financial results for three items, discussed below, that are either related to the Spin-Off or create significant volatility mostly due to timing factors generally beyond the control of management. Accordingly, we believe that "Core Earnings" provide management with a useful basis from which to better evaluate results from ongoing operations against the business plan or against results from prior periods. Consequently, we disclose this information as we believe it provides investors with additional information regarding the operational and performance indicators that are most closely assessed by management. When compared to GAAP results, the three items we remove to result in our "Core Earnings" presentations are:

- 1. The financial results attributable to the operations of the consumer banking business (SLM BankCo) prior to the Spin-Off and related restructuring and reorganization expense incurred in connection with the Spin-Off. For GAAP purposes, Navient reflected the deemed distribution of SLM BankCo on April 30, 2014. For "Core Earnings," we exclude the consumer banking business as if it had never been a part of Navient's historical results prior to the deemed distribution of SLM BankCo on April 30, 2014;
- 2. Unrealized mark-to-market gains/losses resulting from our use of derivative instruments to hedge our economic risks that do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment or do qualify for hedge accounting treatment but result in ineffectiveness; and
- 3. The accounting for goodwill and acquired intangible assets.

While GAAP provides a uniform, comprehensive basis of accounting, for the reasons described above, our "Core Earnings" basis of presentation does not. "Core Earnings" are subject to certain general and specific limitations that investors should carefully consider. For example, there is no comprehensive, authoritative guidance for management reporting. Our "Core Earnings" are not defined terms within GAAP and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies. Accordingly, our "Core Earnings" presentation does not represent a comprehensive basis of accounting. Investors, therefore, may not be able to compare our performance with that of other financial services companies based upon "Core Earnings." "Core Earnings" results are only meant to supplement GAAP results by providing additional information regarding the operational and performance indicators that are most closely used by management, our board of directors, rating agencies, lenders and investors to assess performance.

Old SLM's definition of "Core Earnings" did not exclude the financial results attributable to the operations of the consumer banking business and related restructuring and reorganization expense incurred in connection with the Spin-Off. In connection with the Spin-Off, Navient included this additional adjustment as a part of "Core Earnings" to allow better comparability of Navient's results to pre-Spin-Off historical periods. All prior periods in this earnings release have been restated to conform to Navient's revised definition of "Core Earnings."

								Quarter l	Ende	ed Septem	ber 30,	2014					
		I	Private							Total	Adjustments						
(Dollars in millions)	FFELP Loans	FFELP Educ			siness vices	Other	Eli	Eliminations ⁽¹⁾		"Core arnings"	Reclassifications			ditions/ tractions)		otal ments ⁽²⁾	Total GAAP
Interest income:			_						_			_					
Student loans	\$ 531	. \$	490	\$	_	\$ —	\$	_	\$	1,021	\$	167	\$	(60)	\$	107	\$1,128
Other loans	_	-	_		_	2		_		2		_		_		_	2
Cash and investments	1					1				2							2
Total interest income	532		490		_	3		_		1,025		167		(60)		107	1,132
Total interest expense	293	;	174		_	29		_		496		10		2		12	508
Net interest income (loss)	239		316			(26)				529		157		(62)		95	624
Less: provisions for loan losses	10)	130		_	`		_		140		_		`		_	140
Net interest income (loss) after provisions for loan					-												
losses	229)	186		_	(26)		_		389		157		(62)		95	484
Other income (loss):						(==)								()			
Gains on sales of loans and investments	_		_		_	_		_		_		_		_		_	_
Servicing revenue	16	;	10		167	_		(112)		81		_		_		_	81
Asset recovery revenue	_	-	_		65	_		`—		65		_		_		_	65
Gains on debt repurchases	_		_		_	_		_		_		_		_		_	_
Other income (loss)	_	-	_		3	8		_		11		(157)		288		131	142
Total other income (loss)	16	_	10		235	8		(112)		157		(157)		288		131	288
Expenses:								` ′				` ′					
Direct operating expenses	118	}	40		98	3		(112)		147		_		_		_	147
Overhead expenses	_		_		_	48		`—		48		_		_		_	48
Operating expenses	118	_	40		98	51		(112)		195							195
Goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment								,									
and amortization	_		_		_	_		_		_		_		2		2	2
Restructuring and other reorganization expenses	_	-	_		_	_		_		_		_		14		14	14
Total expenses	118	_	40		98	51		(112)		195				16		16	211
Income (loss) from continuing operations, before								()									
income tax expense (benefit)	127	,	156		137	(69)		_		351		_		210		210	561
Income tax expense (benefit)(3)	48	}	58		50	(25)		_		131		_		69		69	200
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 79	\$	98	\$	87	\$ (44)	\$		\$	220	\$		\$	141	\$	141	\$ 361
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax benefit		. ~	_	_	(2)	_	_	_	~	(2)	_	_	_	_	-	_	(2)
Net income (loss)	\$ 79	\$	98	\$	85	\$ (44)	\$		\$	218	\$		\$	141	\$	141	\$ 359

⁽¹⁾ The eliminations in servicing revenue and direct operating expense represent the elimination of intercompany servicing revenue where the Business Services segment performs the loan servicing function for the FFELP Loans segment.

^{(2) &}quot;Core Earnings" adjustments to GAAP:

		Quarter	Ended Septer	mber 30, 20	14	
(Dollars in millions)	npact of BankCo	Der	mpact of ivative ounting	Acc	npact of Juired ngibles	Total
Net interest income after provisions for loan losses	\$ 	\$	95	\$	_	\$ 95
Total other income	_		131		_	131
Operating expenses	_		_		_	_
Goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment and amortization	_		_		2	2
Restructuring and other reorganization expenses	 14		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	14
Total "Core Earnings" adjustments to GAAP	\$ (14)	\$	226	\$	(2)	210
Income tax expense						69
Net income						\$ 141

 $^{^{(3)}}$ Income taxes are based on a percentage of net income before tax for the individual reportable segment.

	Quarter Ended June 30, 2014													
		I	Private						Total			Adjustments		
	FFELP	Ed	lucation	Bus	iness				"Core			Additions/	Total	Total
(Dollars in millions)	Loans]	Loans	Ser	vices	Other	Elimination	$10^{(1)}$	Earnings"	Re	classifications	(Subtractions)	Adjustments ⁽²⁾	GAAP
Interest income:														
Student loans	\$ 522	\$	490	\$	_	\$ —	\$	_	\$ 1,012	\$	166	\$ (8)	\$ 158	\$1,170
Other loans	_		_		_	2		_	2		_	_	_	2
Cash and investments	1					1			2			1	1	3
Total interest income	523		490			3			1,016		166	(7)	159	1,175
Total interest expense	291		173		_	30		_	494		12	7	19	513
Net interest income (loss)	232		317			(27)			522		154	(14)	140	662
Less: provisions for loan losses	10		145		_			_	155		_	10	10	165
Net interest income (loss) after provisions for loan														
losses	222		172		_	(27)		_	367		154	(24)	130	497
Other income (loss):						. ,						,		
Gains on sales of loans and investments	_		_		_	_		_	_		_	_	_	_
Servicing revenue	15		7		166	_		(115)	73		_	_	_	73
Asset recovery revenue	_		_		132	_		_	132		_	_	_	132
Gains on debt repurchases			_		_	_		_	_		_	_	_	_
Other income					1	8			9		(154)	215	61	70
Total other income	15		7		299	8		(115)	214		(154)	215	61	275
Expenses:														
Direct operating expenses	121		42		93	2		(115)	143		_	11	11	154
Overhead expenses						52			52			5	5	57
Operating expenses	121		42		93	54		(115)	195			16	16	211
Goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment														
and amortization	_		_		_	_		_	_		_	2	2	2
Restructuring and other reorganization expenses												61	61	61
Total expenses	121		42		93	54		(115)	195		_	79	79	274
Income (loss) from continuing operations, before														
income tax expense (benefit)	116		137		206	(73)		_	386		_	112	112	498
Income tax expense (benefit)(3)	44		51		76	(26)		_	145		_	46	46	191
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	72		86		130	(47)	\$	_	241			66	66	307
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax														
• , ,	¢ 72	¢	96	¢	120	¢ (47)	¢		\$ 241	¢		¢ 66	¢ 66	¢ 207
expense (benefit) Net income (loss)	\$ 72	\$	86	\$	130		\$		\$ 241	\$		\$ 66	\$ 66	\$ 307

⁽¹⁾ The eliminations in servicing revenue and direct operating expense represent the elimination of intercompany servicing revenue where the Business Services segment performs the loan servicing function for the FFELP Loans segment.
(2) "Core Earnings" adjustments to GAAP:

		Quart	er Ended Jui	ne 30, 2014		
(Dollars in millions)	npact of BankCo	Der	npact of ivative ounting	Acq	npact of uired ngibles	Total
Net interest income after provisions for loan losses	\$ 35	\$	95	\$	_	\$ 130
Total other income	6		55		_	61
Operating expenses	16		_		_	16
Goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment and amortization	_		_		2	2
Restructuring and other reorganization expenses	61		_		_	61
Total "Core Earnings" adjustments to GAAP	\$ (36)	\$	150	\$	(2)	112
Income tax expense						46
Net income						\$ 66

 $^{^{(3)}}$ Income taxes are based on a percentage of net income before tax for the individual reportable segment.

									Quarter E	Ended	d Septeml	ber 30	0, 2013				
			Pr	ivate					-]	Total			Adjustments			
	FFE	LP	Edu	cation	Bu	siness				"	Core			Additions/		Total	Total
(Dollars in millions)	Loa	ns	L	oans	Se	rvices	Other	El	liminations ⁽¹⁾	Ear	rnings"	Rec	lassifications	(Subtractions)	Adj	justments ⁽²⁾	GAAP
Interest income:																	
Student loans	\$ 5	64	\$	514	\$	_	\$ —	\$	_	\$	1,078	\$	201	\$ 54	\$	255	\$1,333
Other loans		—		_		_	3		_		3		_	_		_	3
Cash and investments		2		1							3			1		1	4
Total interest income		666		515		_	3		_		1,084		201	55		256	1,340
Total interest expense	3	307		185			15				507		12	22		34	541
Net interest income (loss)	-	259		330			(12)				577		189	33		222	799
Less: provisions for loan losses		11		176		_	`—´		_		187		_	20		20	207
Net interest income (loss) after provisions for loan																	
losses	2	248		154		_	(12)		_		390		189	13		202	592
Other income (loss):							. ,										
Gains on sales of loans and investments		_		_		_	_		_		_		_	_		_	_
Servicing revenue		21		11		171	_		(122)		81		_	2		2	83
Asset recovery revenue		_		_		104	_		· —		104		_	_		_	104
Gains on debt repurchases		_		_		_	_		_		_		_	_		_	_
Other income (loss)		_					6				6		(189)	65		(124)	(118)
Total other income (loss)		21		11		275	6		(122)		191		(189)	67		(122)	69
Expenses:																	
Direct operating expenses		28		49		88	4		(122)		147		_	51		51	198
Overhead expenses		_					43				43			16		16	59
Operating expenses		28		49		88	47		(122)		190			67		67	257
Goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment									` /								
and amortization		_		_		_	_		_		_		_	4		4	4
Restructuring and other reorganization expenses		_		_		_	_		_		_		_	12		12	12
Total expenses		28		49		88	47		(122)		190		_	83		83	273
Income (loss) from continuing operations, before									` /								
income tax expense (benefit)		41		116		187	(53)		_		391		_	(3)		(3)	388
Income tax expense (benefit) ⁽³⁾		50		41		68	(19)		_		140		_	(4)		(4)	136
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	\$	91	\$	75	\$	119	\$ (34)	\$	_	\$	251	\$	_	\$ 1	\$	1	\$ 252
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax							. ,										
expense		_		_		8	_		_		8		_	_		_	8
Net income (loss)	\$	91	\$	75	\$	127	\$ (34)	\$		\$	259	\$		\$ 1	\$	1	\$ 260

The eliminations in servicing revenue and direct operating expense represent the elimination of intercompany servicing revenue where the Business Services segment performs the loan servicing function for the FFELP Loans segment.

(2) "Core Earnings" adjustments to GAAP:

			Quarte	r Ended Septei	nber 30, 201	3	
	N . T			mpact of		npact of	
(Dollars in millions)		npact of BankCo		ivative ounting		uired igibles	Total
<u> </u>	SLIVI .	DalikCu	ACC	Junung	IIIldi	igibles	10141
Net interest income after provisions for loan losses	\$	91	\$	111	\$	_	Total \$ 202
Total other income (loss)		8		(130)		_	(122)
Operating expenses		67				_	67
Goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment and amortization		_		_		4	4
Restructuring and other reorganization expenses		12		<u> </u>			12
Total "Core Earnings" adjustments to GAAP	\$	20	\$	(19)	\$	(4)	(3)
Income tax benefit							(4)
Net income							\$ 1

 $^{^{(3)}}$ Income taxes are based on a percentage of net income before tax for the individual reportable segment.

						Nine Mo	onths	Ended Sep	tembe	er 30, 2014				
	-	Private						Total			Adjustments			
	FFELP	Education	Busine	ess				"Core			Additions/		Total	Total
(Dollars in millions)	Loans	Loans	Servio	ces (Other	Eliminations	(1)	Earnings"	Re	classifications	(Subtractions)	Adju	istments ⁽²⁾	GAAP
Interest income:														
Student loans	\$ 1,564	\$ 1,475	\$	<u> </u>	\$ —	\$ -	_	\$ 3,039	\$	532	\$ 18	\$	550	\$3,589
Other loans	_	_		—	7		_	7		_	_		_	7
Cash and investments	3				3		_	6	_		1		1	7
Total interest income	1,567	1,475		—	10		_	3,052		532	19		551	3,603
Total interest expense	871	532			84			1,487		32	31		63	1,550
Net interest income (loss)	696	943		_	(74)			1,565		500	(12)		488	2,053
Less: provisions for loan losses	30	411		_	`—		_	441		_	49		49	490
Net interest income (loss) after provisions for loan														
losses	666	532		_	(74)		_	1,124		500	(61)		439	1,563
Other income (loss):					` /			ĺ			` /			ĺ
Gains on sales of loans and investments	_	_		_	_		_	_		_	_		_	_
Servicing revenue	42	18	5	502	_	(3-	45)	217		_	_		_	217
Asset recovery revenue	_	_	3	808	_		_	308		_	_		_	308
Gains on debt repurchases	_	_		_	_		_	_		_	_		_	_
Other income (loss)				4	19			23		(500)	687		187	210
Total other income (loss)	42	18	- 8	314	19	(3-	45)	548		(500)	687		187	735
Expenses:						,	, í			` í				
Direct operating expenses	363	138	2	286	118	(3-	45)	560		_	35		35	595
Overhead expenses	_	_		_	149	` .		149		_	29		29	178
Operating expenses	363	138	2	286	267	(3-	45)	709			64		64	773
Goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment						,	-,							
and amortization	_	_		_	_		_	_		_	7		7	7
Restructuring and other reorganization expenses	_	_		_	_		_	_		_	102		102	102
Total expenses	363	138	2	286	267	(3-	45)	709			173		173	882
Income (loss) from continuing operations, before						(5	,							
income tax expense (benefit)	345	412	5	528	(322)		_	963		_	453		453	1,416
Income tax expense (benefit) ⁽³⁾	131	153	1	97	(120)			361		_	169		169	530
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 214	\$ 259	\$ 3	331 \$	5 (202)	\$		\$ 602	\$		\$ 284	\$	284	\$ 886
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax benefit				(1)		· •		(1)		_	_			(1)
Net income (loss)	\$ 214	\$ 259			\$ (202)	\$		\$ 601	\$		\$ 284	\$	284	
ivet meome (1055)	ψ <u>414</u>	Ψ 239	Ψ	100 4	(202)	Ψ .	=	ψ 001	Ψ		ψ 204	Ψ	204	\$ 885

⁽¹⁾ The eliminations in servicing revenue and direct operating expense represent the elimination of intercompany servicing revenue where the Business Services segment performs the loan servicing function for the FFELP Loans segment.

^{(2) &}quot;Core Earnings" adjustments to GAAP:

			Nine Montl	is Ended Sep	tember 30, 2	2014	
	·		Net In	ipact of	Net In	ipact of	
	Net In	npact of	Deri	vative	Acq	uired	
(Dollars in millions)	SLM I	BankCo	Acco	unting	Intar	ngibles	Total
Net interest income after provisions for loan losses	\$	137	\$	302	\$		\$ 439
Total other income		14		173		_	187
Operating expenses		64		_		_	64
Goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment and amortization		_				7	7
Restructuring and other reorganization expenses		102		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	_102
Total "Core Earnings" adjustments to GAAP	\$	(15)	\$	475	\$	(7)	453
Income tax expense							169
Net income							\$ 284

⁽³⁾ Income taxes are based on a percentage of net income before tax for the individual reportable segment.

							Nine Mor	iths l	Ended Septe	embei	30, 2013				
			Private						Total			Adjustments			
	FFELI	P	Education	Bu	siness				"Core			Additions/	Total		Total
(Dollars in millions)	Loans	s	Loans	Se	rvices	Other	Eliminations ⁽¹)]	Earnings"	Rec	lassifications	(Subtractions)	Adjustmen	1ts ⁽²⁾	GAAP
Interest income:															
Student loans	\$ 1,728	8	\$ 1,526	\$	_	\$ —	\$ -	- :	\$ 3,254	\$	612	\$ 156	\$	768	\$4,022
Other loans	_	_	_		_	9	_	-	9		_	_		_	9
Cash and investments		5	3			2			10			3		3	13
Total interest income	1,733	3	1,529		_	11	_	-	3,273		612	159		771	4,044
Total interest expense	960	0	557		_	41	_	-	1,558		44	64		108	1,666
Net interest income (loss)	773	3	972			(30)	_		1,715		568	95		663	2,378
Less: provisions for loan losses	40	0	570		_	`—´	_	-	610		_	39		39	649
Net interest income (loss) after provisions for loan															
losses	733	3	402		_	(30)	_	_	1,105		568	56		624	1,729
Other income (loss):						` /			ĺ						
Gains on sales of loans and investments	312	2	_		_	(5)	_	-	307		_	_		_	307
Servicing revenue	60	0	30		537		(40)	B)	219		_	4		4	223
Asset recovery revenue	_	-	_		312	_	· –	-	312		_	_		_	312
Gains on debt repurchases	_	_	_		_	48	_	_	48		(6)	_		(6)	42
Other income (loss)		_				6			6		(562)	482		(80)	(74)
Total other income (loss)	372	2	30		849	49	(40)	B)	892		(568)	486		(82)	810
Expenses:															
Direct operating expenses	428	8	145		263	8	(40)	B)	436		_	121		121	557
Overhead expenses		_				119		-	119			61		61	180
Operating expenses	428	8	145		263	127	(40)	B)	555		_	182		182	737
Goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment															
and amortization	_	_	_		_	_	_	-	_		_	10		10	10
Restructuring and other reorganization expenses		_										46		46	46
Total expenses	428	8	145		263	127	(40)	B)	555		_	238		238	793
Income (loss) from continuing operations, before															
income tax expense (benefit)	67		287		586	(108)	_	-	1,442		_	304		304	1,746
Income tax expense (benefit) ⁽³⁾	24	4	103		214	(39)		-	522			123		123	645
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 433	3	\$ 184	\$	372	\$ (69)	\$ -	- :	\$ 920	\$		\$ 181	\$	181	\$1,101
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax															
expense		=			48			_	48		<u> </u>	(1)		(1)	47
Net income (loss)	433	3	184		420	(69)		- '	968			180		180	1,148
Less: net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	_	_	_		_	<u>`</u>	_	-	_		_	(1)		(1)	(1)
Net income (loss) attributable to Navient Corporation	\$ 433	3	\$ 184	\$	420	\$ (69)	\$ -	- :	\$ 968	\$		\$ 181	\$	181	\$1,149

⁽¹⁾ The eliminations in servicing revenue and direct operating expense represent the elimination of intercompany servicing revenue where the Business Services segment performs the loan servicing function for the FFELP Loans segment.
(2) "Core Earnings" adjustments to GAAP:

			Nine Mont	hs Ended Sep	tember 30, 2	2013	
			Net I	npact of	Net In	npact of	
	Net In	npact of	Der	ivative	Acq	uired	
(Dollars in millions)	SLM I	BankCo	Acc	ounting	Intai	ngibles	Total
Net interest income after provisions for loan losses	\$	284	\$	340	\$		\$ 624
Total other income (loss)		24		(106)		_	(82)
Operating expenses		182				_	182
Goodwill and acquired intangible asset impairment and amortization				_		10	10
Restructuring and other reorganization expenses		46		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	46
Total "Core Earnings" adjustments to GAAP	\$	80	\$	234	\$	(10)	304
Income tax expense							123
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax benefit							(1)
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest							(1)
Net income							\$ 181

⁽³⁾ Income taxes are based on a percentage of net income before tax for the individual reportable segment.

Differences between "Core Earnings" and GAAP

The following discussion summarizes the differences between "Core Earnings" and GAAP net income and details each specific adjustment required to reconcile our "Core Earnings" segment presentation to our GAAP earnings.

		Quarters Ended		Nine Mon	ths Ended	
(Dollars in millions)	mber 30, 2014	June 30, 2014	nber 30, 013	mber 30, 2014		mber 30, 2013
"Core Earnings" adjustments to GAAP:				_		
Net impact of the removal of SLM BankCo's operations and						
related restructuring and reorganization expense in						
connection with the Spin-Off	\$ (14)	\$ (36)	\$ 20	\$ (15)	\$	80
Net impact of derivative accounting	226	150	(19)	475		234
Net impact of goodwill and acquired intangible assets	(2)	(2)	(4)	(7)		(10)
Net tax effect	(69)	(46)	4	(169)		(123)
Total "Core Earnings" adjustments to GAAP	\$ 141	\$ 66	\$ 1	\$ 284	\$	181

(1) SLM BankCo's operations and related restructuring and reorganization expense in connection with the Spin-Off: On April 30, 2014, the Spin-Off of Navient from Old SLM was completed and Navient is now an independent, publicly-traded company. Due to the relative significance of Navient to SLM Corporation prior to the Spin-Off, among other factors, for financial reporting purposes Navient is treated as the "accounting spinnor" and therefore is the "accounting successor" to Old SLM as constituted prior to the Spin-Off, notwithstanding the legal form of the Spin-Off. Since Navient is treated for accounting purposes as the "accounting spinnor," the GAAP financial statements of Navient reflect the deemed distribution of SLM BankCo to SLM BankCo's stockholders on April 30, 2014.

For "Core Earnings," we assume the consumer banking business (SLM BankCo) was never a part of Navient's historical results prior to the deemed distribution of SLM BankCo on April 30, 2014 and we have removed the restructuring and reorganization expense incurred in connection with the Spin-Off. Excluding these items provides management with a useful basis from which to better evaluate results from ongoing operations against results from prior periods. The adjustment relates to the exclusion of the consumer banking business and represents the operations, assets, liabilities and equity of SLM BankCo, which is comprised of Sallie Mae Bank, Upromise Rewards, the Insurance Business, and the Private Education Loan origination functions. Included in these amounts are also certain general corporate overhead expenses related to the consumer banking business. General corporate overhead consists of costs primarily associated with accounting, finance, legal, human resources, certain information technology costs, stock compensation, and executive management and the board of directors. These costs were generally allocated to the consumer banking business based on the proportionate level of effort provided to the consumer banking business relative to Old SLM using a relevant allocation driver (e.g., in proportion to the number of employees by function that were being transferred to SLM BankCo as opposed to remaining at Navient). All intercompany transactions between SLM BankCo and Navient have been eliminated. In addition, all prior preferred stock dividends are removed as SLM BankCo succeeded Old SLM as the issuer of the preferred stock in connection with the Spin-Off.

		Quarte	rs Ended		 Nine Mon	ths Ended	
(Dollars in millions)	iber 30, 14		ne 30, 014	mber 30, 013	mber 30, 2014		mber 30, 2013
SLM BankCo net income, before income tax expense	\$ _	\$	25	\$ 32	\$ 87	\$	126
Restructuring and reorganization expense in connection with							
the Spin-Off	 (14)		(61)	 (12)	 (102)		(46)
Total net impact, before income tax expense	\$ (14)	\$	(36)	\$ 20	\$ (15)	\$	80

(2) **Derivative Accounting:** "Core Earnings" exclude periodic unrealized gains and losses that are caused by the mark-to-market valuations on derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment under GAAP, as well as the periodic unrealized gains and losses that are a result of ineffectiveness recognized related to effective hedges under GAAP. These unrealized gains and losses occur in our Consumer Lending, FFELP Loans and Other business segments. Under GAAP, for our derivatives that are held to maturity, the cumulative net unrealized gain or loss over the life of the contract will equal \$0 except for Floor Income Contracts, where the cumulative unrealized gain will equal the amount for which we sold the contract. In our "Core Earnings" presentation, we recognize the economic effect of these hedges, which generally results in any net settlement cash paid or received being recognized ratably as an interest expense or revenue over the hedged item's life.

The table below quantifies the adjustments for derivative accounting between GAAP and "Core Earnings" net income.

			Quarter	s Ended		Nine Mo	nths Ended	
(Dollars in millions)		mber 30, 2014		e 30, 114	mber 30, 2013	mber 30, 2014		ember 30, 2013
"Core Earnings" derivative adjustments:	· <u> </u>				 	 		
Gains (losses) on derivative and hedging activities, net,								
included in other income	\$	108	\$	61	\$ (127)	\$ 161	\$	(140)
Plus: Realized losses on derivative and hedging activities,								
net ⁽¹⁾		157		154	189	500		562
Unrealized gains on derivative and hedging activities, net(2)	<u></u>	265		215	 62	661		422
Amortization of net premiums on Floor Income Contracts in								
net interest income for "Core Earnings"		(60)		(59)	(77)	(195)		(229)
Other derivative accounting adjustments ⁽³⁾		21		(6)	 (4)	 9		41
Total net impact of derivative accounting ⁽⁴⁾	\$	226	\$	150	\$ (19)	\$ 475	\$	234

⁽¹⁾ See "Reclassification of Realized Gains (Losses) on Derivative and Hedging Activities" below for a detailed breakdown of the components of realized losses on derivative and hedging activities.

^{(2) &}quot;Unrealized gains on derivative and hedging activities, net" comprises the following unrealized mark-to-market gains (losses):

		Quarters Ended		 Nine Mor	ths Ended	
(Dollars in millions)	mber 30, 2014	June 30, 2014	mber 30, 2013	mber 30, 014		mber 30, 2013
Floor Income Contracts	\$ 195	\$ 132	\$ 115	\$ 508	\$	601
Basis swaps	(9)	12	5	3		(13)
Foreign currency hedges	58	54	(45)	72		(145)
Other	 21	17	 (13)	 78		(21)
Total unrealized gains on derivative and hedging						
activities, net	\$ 265	\$ 215	\$ 62	\$ 661	\$	422

⁽³⁾ Other derivative accounting adjustments consist of adjustments related to: (1) foreign currency denominated debt that is adjusted to spot foreign exchange rates for GAAP where such adjustments are reversed for "Core Earnings" and (2) certain terminated derivatives that did not receive hedge accounting treatment under GAAP but were economic hedges under "Core Earnings" and, as a result, such gains or losses are amortized into "Core Earnings" over the life of the hedged item.

⁽⁴⁾ Negative amounts are subtracted from "Core Earnings" net income to arrive at GAAP net income and positive amounts are added to "Core Earnings" net income to arrive at GAAP net income.

Reclassification of Realized Gains (Losses) on Derivative and Hedging Activities

Derivative accounting requires net settlement income/expense on derivatives and realized gains/losses related to derivative dispositions (collectively referred to as "realized gains (losses) on derivative and hedging activities") that do not qualify as hedges to be recorded in a separate income statement line item below net interest income. Under our "Core Earnings" presentation, these gains and losses are reclassified to the income statement line item of the economically hedged item. For our "Core Earnings" net interest margin, this would primarily include: (a) reclassifying the net settlement amounts related to our Floor Income Contracts to student loan interest income; and (b) reclassifying the net settlement amounts related to certain of our basis swaps to debt interest expense. The table below summarizes the realized losses on derivative and hedging activities and the associated reclassification on a "Core Earnings" basis.

		Quarters Ended		Nine Mo	nths Ended	
(Dollars in millions)	ember 30, 2014	June 30, 2014	ember 30, 2013	ember 30, 2014		mber 30, 2013
Reclassification of realized gains (losses) on		·		_		
derivative and hedging activities:						
Net settlement expense on Floor Income Contracts						
reclassified to net interest income	\$ (167)	\$ (166)	\$ (201)	\$ (532)	\$	(612)
Net settlement income on interest rate swaps						
reclassified to net interest income	10	12	12	32		44
Foreign exchange derivatives gains reclassified to other						
income	_	_	_	_		
Net realized gains on terminated derivative contracts						
reclassified to other income	_	_	_	_		6
Total reclassifications of realized losses on derivative						
and hedging activities	\$ (157)	<u>\$ (154)</u>	\$ (189)	\$ (500)	\$	(562)

Cumulative Impact of Derivative Accounting under GAAP compared to "Core Earnings"

As of September 30, 2014, derivative accounting has reduced GAAP equity by approximately \$617 million as a result of cumulative net unrealized losses (after tax) recognized under GAAP, but not

in "Core Earnings." The following table rolls forward the cumulative impact to GAAP equity due to these unrealized after tax net losses related to derivative accounting.

			Quarters Ended		Nine Mon	ths Ended	l
(Dollars in millions)		ember 30, 2014	June 30, 2014	ember 30, 2013	ember 30, 2014	Sept	tember 30, 2013
Beginning impact of derivative accounting on GAAP	· <u> </u>				 		
equity	\$	(760)	\$ (854)	\$ (923)	\$ (926)	\$	(1,080)
Net impact of net unrealized gains (losses) under derivative							
accounting ⁽¹⁾		143	94	(13)	309		144
Ending impact of derivative accounting on GAAP equity	\$	(617)	\$ (760)	\$ (936)	\$ (617)	\$	(936)

⁽¹⁾ Net impact of net unrealized gains (losses) under derivative accounting is composed of the following:

		Quarte	rs Ended		Nine Mon	ths Ended	
(Dollars in millions)	mber 30, 014		ne 30, 014	nber 30, 013	mber 30, 014		mber 30, 2013
Total pre-tax net impact of derivative accounting recognized in net income ^(a)	\$ 226	\$	150	\$ (19)	\$ 475	\$	234
Tax impact of derivative accounting adjustment recognized in net income	(83)		(54)	7	(159)		(107)
Change in unrealized gains (losses) on derivatives, net of tax recognized in other comprehensive income	 <u> </u>		(2)	 (1)	 (7)		17
Net impact of net unrealized gains (losses) under derivative accounting	\$ 143	\$	94	\$ (13)	\$ 309	\$	144

⁽a) See "'Core Earnings' derivative adjustments" table above.

Net Floor premiums received on Floor Income Contracts that have not been amortized into "Core Earnings" as of the respective year-ends are presented in the table below. These net premiums will be recognized in "Core Earnings" in future periods and are presented net of tax. As of September 30, 2014, the remaining amortization term of the net floor premiums was approximately 1.75 years for existing contracts. Historically, we have sold Floor Income Contracts on a periodic basis and depending upon market conditions and pricing, we may enter into additional Floor Income Contracts in the future. The balance of unamortized Floor Income Contracts will increase as we sell new contracts and decline due to the amortization of existing contracts.

	Septe	mber 30,	June 30,	Septe	ember 30,
(Dollars in millions)	2	2014	2014		2013
Unamortized net Floor premiums (net of tax) ⁽¹⁾	\$	(236)	\$ (274)	\$	(403)

^{(1) \$(374)} million, \$(433) and \$(643) million on a pre-tax basis as of September 30, 2014, June 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013, respectively.

3) Goodwill and Acquired Intangible Assets: Our "Core Earnings" exclude goodwill and intangible asset impairment and the amortization of acquired intangible assets. The following table summarizes the goodwill and acquired intangible asset adjustments.

			Quarter	s Ended				Nine Mon	ths Ended	
	Septen	nber 30,	June	30,	Septen	nber 30,	Septen	ıber 30,	Septer	mber 30,
(Dollars in millions)	2	014	20	14	20	013	20	14	2	013
"Core Earnings" goodwill and acquired intangible	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									
asset adjustments(1)	\$	(2)	\$	(2)	\$	(4)	\$	(7)	\$	(10)

⁽¹⁾ Negative amounts are subtracted from "Core Earnings" net income to arrive at GAAP net income.

Financial Condition

This section provides additional information regarding the credit quality and performance indicators related to our Private Education Loan portfolio.

Private Education Loans Portfolio Performance

Private Education Loan Delinquencies and Forbearance — GAAP Basis

	Septembe 2014	r 30,	June 3 2014	0,	Septembe 2013	r 30,
(Dollars in millions)	Balance	%	Balance	%	Balance	%
Loans in-school/grace/deferment ⁽¹⁾	\$ 3,436		\$ 3,375		\$ 6,541	
Loans in forbearance ⁽²⁾	1,258		1,201		1,108	
Loans in repayment and percentage of each status:						
Loans current	24,963	92.1%	25,202	92.9%	28,856	91.2%
Loans delinquent 31-60 days ⁽³⁾	732	2.7	670	2.5	966	3.0
Loans delinquent 61-90 days ⁽³⁾	468	1.8	391	1.4	641	2.0
Loans delinquent greater than 90 days ⁽³⁾	929	3.4	873	3.2	1,188	3.8
Total Private Education Loans in repayment	27,092	100%	27,136	100%	31,651	100%
Total Private Education Loans, gross	31,786		31,712		39,300	
Private Education Loan unamortized discount	(604)		(674)		(726)	
Total Private Education Loans	31,182		31,038		38,574	
Private Education Loan receivable for partially charged-off loans	1,253		1,269		1,322	
Private Education Loan allowance for losses	(1,959)		(1,983)		(2,144)	
Private Education Loans, net	\$30,476		\$30,324		\$37,752	
Percentage of Private Education Loans in repayment		85.2%		85.6%		80.5%
Delinquencies as a percentage of Private Education Loans in repayment		7.9%		7.1%		8.8%
Loans in forbearance as a percentage of loans in repayment and forbearance		4.4%		4.2%		3.4%
Loans in repayment greater than 12 months as a percentage of loans in repayment ⁽⁴⁾		91.0%		90.9%		83.2%
Cosigner rate		64%		64%		67%
Average FICO		718		718		722

⁽¹⁾ Deferment includes customers who have returned to school or are engaged in other permitted educational activities and are not yet required to make payments on the loans, e.g., residency periods for medical students or a grace period for bar exam preparation.

⁽²⁾ Loans for customers who have requested extension of grace period generally during employment transition or who have temporarily ceased making full payments due to hardship or other factors, consistent with established loan program servicing policies and procedures.

 $^{^{(3)}}$ The period of delinquency is based on the number of days scheduled payments are contractually past due.

⁽⁴⁾ Based on number of months in an active repayment status for which a scheduled monthly payment was due.

Private Education Loan Delinquencies and Forbearance — "Core Earnings" Basis

	September 30, June 30, 2014 2014			Septembe 2013	r 30,	
(Dollars in millions)	Balance	%	Balance	%	Balance	%
Loans in-school/grace/deferment ⁽¹⁾	\$ 3,436		\$ 3,375		\$ 3,850	
Loans in forbearance ⁽²⁾	1,258		1,201		1,103	
Loans in repayment and percentage of each status:						
Loans current	24,963	92.1%	25,202	92.9%	25,389	90.2%
Loans delinquent 31-60 days ⁽³⁾	732	2.7	670	2.5	929	3.3
Loans delinquent 61-90 days ⁽³⁾	468	1.8	391	1.4	627	2.3
Loans delinquent greater than 90 days ⁽³⁾	929	3.4	873	3.2	1,187	4.2
Total Private Education Loans in repayment	27,092	100%	27,136	100%	28,132	100%
Total Private Education Loans, gross	31,786		31,712		33,085	
Private Education Loan unamortized discount	(604)		(674)		(726)	
Total Private Education Loans	31,182		31,038		32,359	
Private Education Loan receivable for partially charged-off loans	1,253		1,269		1,322	
Private Education Loan allowance for losses	(1,959)		(1,983)		(2,090)	
Private Education Loans, net	\$30,476		\$30,324		\$31,591	
Percentage of Private Education Loans in repayment		85.2%		85.6%		85.0%
Delinquencies as a percentage of Private Education Loans in repayment		7.9%		7.1%		9.8%
Loans in forbearance as a percentage of loans in repayment and forbearance		4.4%		4.2%		3.8%
Loans in repayment greater than 12 months as a percentage of loans in repayment (4)		91.0%		90.9%		87.0%
Cosigner rate		64%		64%		63%
Average FICO		718		718		717

⁽¹⁾ Deferment includes customers who have returned to school or are engaged in other permitted educational activities and are not yet required to make payments on the loans, e.g., residency periods for medical students or a grace period for bar exam preparation.

⁽²⁾ Loans for customers who have requested extension of grace period generally during employment transition or who have temporarily ceased making full payments due to hardship or other factors, consistent with established loan program servicing policies and procedures.

 $^{^{(3)}}$ The period of delinquency is based on the number of days scheduled payments are contractually past due.

⁽⁴⁾ Based on number of months in an active repayment status for which a scheduled monthly payment was due.

	Quarters Ended					Nine Months Ended				
(Dollars in millions)	Sep	tember 30, 2014	June 30, 2014	Sep	tember 30, 2013	Sep	tember 30, 2014	Sep	tember 30, 2013	
Allowance at beginning of period	\$	1,983	\$ 2,059	\$	2,149	\$	2,097	\$	2,171	
Provision for Private Education Loan losses		130	155		195		460		607	
Charge-offs ⁽¹⁾		(158)	(166)		(205)		(543)		(649)	
Reclassification of interest reserve ⁽²⁾		4	4		5		14		15	
Distribution of SLM BankCo			(69)		<u> </u>		(69)			
Allowance at end of period	\$	1,959	\$ 1,983	\$	2,144	\$	1,959	\$	2,144	
Charge-offs as a percentage of average loans in repayment										
(annualized)		2.3%	2.3%		2.6%		2.5%		2.7%	
Allowance as a percentage of the ending total loan balance		5.9%	6.0%		5.3%		5.9%		5.3%	
Allowance as a percentage of ending loans in repayment		7.2%	7.3%		6.8%		7.2%		6.8%	
Average coverage of charge-offs (annualized)		3.1	3.0		2.6		2.7		2.5	
Ending total loans ⁽³⁾	\$	33,039	\$32,981	\$	40,622	\$	33,039	\$	40,622	
Average loans in repayment	\$	27,228	\$28,599	\$	31,630	\$	29,065	\$	31,631	
Ending loans in repayment	\$	27,092	\$27,136	\$	31,651	\$	27,092	\$	31,651	

⁽¹⁾ Charge-offs are reported net of expected recoveries. The expected recovery amount is transferred to the receivable for partially charged-off loan balance. Charge-offs include charge-offs against the receivable for partially charged-off loans which represents the difference between what was expected to be collected and any shortfalls in what was actually collected in the period. See "Receivable for Partially Charged-Off Private Education Loans" for further discussion.

⁽²⁾ Represents the additional allowance related to the amount of uncollectible interest reserved within interest income that is transferred in the period to the allowance for loan losses when interest is capitalized to a loan's principal balance.

⁽³⁾ Ending total loans represents gross Private Education Loans, plus the receivable for partially charged-off loans.

Allowance for Private Education Loan Losses — "Core Earnings" Basis

	Quarters Ended					Nine Months Ended					
(Dollars in millions)	Sep	tember 30, 2014	June 30, 2014	Sep	tember 30, 2013	Sep	tember 30, 2014	Sep	tember 30, 2013		
Allowance at beginning of period	\$	1,983	\$ 1,987	\$	2,098	\$	2,035	\$	2,106		
Provision for Private Education Loan losses		130	145		176		411		570		
Charge-offs ⁽¹⁾		(158)	(166)		(205)		(543)		(649)		
Reclassification of interest reserve ⁽²⁾		4	4		5		14		15		
Loan sales and other transactions		<u> </u>	13		16		42		48		
Allowance at end of period	\$	1,959	\$ 1,983	\$	2,090	\$	1,959	\$	2,090		
Charge-offs as a percentage of average loans in repayment											
(annualized)		2.3%	2.5%		2.9%		2.7%		3.1%		
Allowance as a percentage of the ending total loan balance		5.9%	6.0%		6.1%		5.9%		6.1%		
Allowance as a percentage of ending loans in repayment		7.2%	7.3%		7.4%		7.2%		7.4%		
Average coverage of charge-offs (annualized)		3.1	3.0		2.6		2.7		2.4		
Ending total loans(3)	\$	33,039	\$32,981	\$	34,407	\$	33,039	\$	34,407		
Average loans in repayment	\$	27,228	\$27,181	\$	28,273	\$	27,146	\$	28,095		
Ending loans in repayment	\$	27,092	\$27,136	\$	28,132	\$	27,092	\$	28,132		

⁽¹⁾ Charge-offs are reported net of expected recoveries. The expected recovery amount is transferred to the receivable for partially charged-off loan balance. Charge-offs include charge-offs against the receivable for partially charged-off loans which represents the difference between what was expected to be collected and any shortfalls in what was actually collected in the period. See "Receivable for Partially Charged-Off Private Education Loans" for further discussion.

In establishing the allowance for Private Education Loan losses as of September 30, 2014, we considered several factors with respect to our Private Education Loan portfolio. In particular, we continue to see improvement in credit quality and continuing positive delinquency and charge-off trends in connection with this portfolio. On a "Core Earnings" basis, total loans delinquent (as a percentage of loans in repayment) have decreased to 7.9 percent from 9.8 percent in the year-ago quarter. Loans greater than 90 days delinquent (as a percentage of loans in repayment) have decreased to 3.4 percent from 4.2 percent in the year-ago quarter. The charge-off rate decreased to 2.3 percent from 2.9 percent in the year-ago quarter. Loans in forbearance (as a percentage of loans in repayment and forbearance) increased to 4.4 percent from 3.8 percent in the year-ago quarter.

The Private Education Loan provision for loan losses on a "Core Earnings" basis was \$130 million in the third quarter of 2014, down \$46 million from the third quarter of 2013; and \$411 million for the first nine months of 2014, down \$159 million from the year-ago period. The decline in both periods was primarily a result of the overall improvement in credit quality and performance trends discussed above, leading to decreases in expected future charge-offs.

Receivable for Partially Charged-Off Private Education Loans

At the end of each month, for loans that are 212 days past due, we charge off the estimated loss of a defaulted loan balance. Actual recoveries are applied against the remaining loan balance that was not charged off. We refer to this remaining loan balance as the "receivable for partially charged-off loans." If actual periodic recoveries are less than expected, the difference is immediately charged off through the allowance for loan losses with an offsetting reduction in the receivable for partially charged-off Private Education Loans. If actual periodic recoveries are greater than expected, they will be reflected as a recovery through the allowance for Private

⁽²⁾ Represents the additional allowance related to the amount of uncollectible interest reserved within interest income that is transferred in the period to the allowance for loan losses when interest is capitalized to a loan's principal balance.

⁽³⁾ Ending total loans represents gross Private Education Loans, plus the receivable for partially charged-off loans.

Education Loan losses once the cumulative recovery amount exceeds the cumulative amount originally expected to be recovered. Private Education Loans which defaulted between 2007 and 2014 for which we have previously charged off estimated losses have, to varying degrees, not met our post-default recovery expectations to date and may continue not to do so. According to our policy, we have been charging off these periodic shortfalls in expected recoveries against our allowance for Private Education Loan losses and the related receivable for partially charged-off Private Education Loans and we will continue to do so. There was \$392 million and \$329 million in the allowance for Private Education Loan losses at September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, providing for possible additional future charge-offs related to the receivable for partially charged-off Private Education Loans.

The following table summarizes the activity in the receivable for partially charged-off Private Education Loans (GAAP Basis and "Core Earnings" Basis are the same).

	Quarters Ended				Nine Months Ended				
(Dollars in millions)	Sep	tember 30, 2014	June 30, 		ember 30, 2013	Sept	ember 30, 2014	Sep	tember 30, 2013
Receivable at beginning of period	\$	1,269	\$1,297	\$	1,334	\$	1,313	\$	1,347
Expected future recoveries of current period defaults(1)		51	53		68		175		216
Recoveries ⁽²⁾		(48)	(58)		(55)		(167)		(177)
Charge-offs ⁽³⁾		(19)	(23)		(25)		(68)		(64)
Receivable at end of period		1,253	1,269		1,322		1,253		1,322
Allowance for estimated recovery shortfalls(4)		(392)	(402)		(329)		(392)		(329)
Net receivable at end of period	\$	861	\$ 867	\$	993	\$	861	\$	993

⁽¹⁾ Represents the difference between the defaulted loan balance and our estimate of the amount to be collected in the future.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We expect to fund our ongoing liquidity needs, including the repayment of \$1.9 billion of senior unsecured notes that mature in the next twelve months, primarily through our current cash and investment portfolio, the issuance of additional unsecured debt, the predictable operating cash flows provided by earnings, the repayment of principal on unencumbered student loan assets and the distributions from our securitization trusts (including servicing fees which are priority payments within the trusts). We may also draw down on our secured FFELP and Private Education facilities or issue term asset-backed securities ("ABS").

We no longer originate Private Education Loans or FFELP Loans and therefore no longer have liquidity requirements for new originations, but we will continue to opportunistically purchase Private Education Loan and FFELP Loan portfolios from others.

⁽²⁾ Current period cash collections.

⁽³⁾ Represents the current period recovery shortfall — the difference between what was expected to be collected and what was actually collected. These amounts are included in total charge-offs as reported in the "Allowance for Private Education Loan Losses" table.

⁽⁴⁾ The allowance for estimated recovery shortfalls of the receivable for partially charged-off Private Education Loans is a component of the \$2.0 billion, \$2.0 billion and \$2.1 billion overall allowance for Private Education Loan losses as of September 30, 2014, June 30, 2014, and September 30, 2013, respectively.

Sources of Liquidity and Available Capacity

Ending Balances

(Dollars in millions) Sources of primary liquidity:	Sep	tember 30, 2014	June 30, 2014	ember 30, 2013
Total unrestricted cash and liquid investments	\$	1,950	\$1,643	\$ 3,194
Unencumbered FFELP Loans		1,682	1,766	798
Total "Core Earnings" basis		3,632	3,409	\$ 3,992
SLM BankCo ⁽¹⁾				2,437
Total GAAP basis	\$	3,632	\$3,409	\$ 6,429

⁽¹⁾ As of September 30, 2013, includes \$1.2 billion of cash and \$1.2 billion of FFELP Loans which were transferred to or retained by SLM BankCo following the Spin-Off.

Average Balances

		Quarters Ended			Nine Mon	tns Ende	a
(Dollars in millions)	ember 30, 2014	June 30, 2014	ember 30, 2013	Sept	ember 30, 2014		ember 30, 2013
Sources of primary liquidity:	 						
Total unrestricted cash and liquid investments	\$ 1,958	\$1,988	\$ 2,270	\$	2,041	\$	2,445
Unencumbered FFELP Loans	 1,859	1,854	765		1,795		740
Total "Core Earnings" basis	3,817	3,842	3,035		3,836		3,185
SLM BankCo ⁽¹⁾	_	1,039	2,542		1,306		2,531
Total GAAP basis	\$ 3,817	\$4,881	\$ 5,577	\$	5,142	\$	5,716

¹⁾ For the quarters ended June 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013, includes \$580 million and \$1.4 billion of cash, respectively, and \$459 million and \$1.1 billion of FFELP Loans, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, includes \$690 million and \$1.4 billion of cash, respectively, and \$616 million and \$1.1 billion of FFELP Loans, respectively.

Liquidity may also be available under secured credit facilities to the extent we have eligible collateral and capacity available. Maximum borrowing capacity under the FFELP Loan—other facilities will vary and be subject to each agreement's borrowing conditions, including, among others, facility size, current usage and availability of qualifying collateral from unencumbered FFELP Loans. As of September 30, 2014, June 30, 2014, and September 30, 2013, the maximum additional capacity under these facilities was \$11.0 billion, \$10.7 billion and \$11.2 billion, respectively. For the three months ended September 30, 2014, June 30, 2014, and September 30, 2013, the average maximum additional capacity under these facilities was \$10.8 billion, \$11.8 billion and \$11.4 billion, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, the average maximum additional capacity under these facilities was \$11.6 billion and \$11.1 billion, respectively.

In addition to the FFELP Loan — Other facilities, liquidity may also be available from our Private Education Loan asset-backed commercial paper facility ("ABCP"). This facility provides liquidity for Private Education Loan acquisitions and for the refinancing of loans presently on our balance sheet or in other short term facilities. The maximum capacity under this facility is \$1 billion. At September 30, 2014, the available capacity under this facility was \$263 million. This facility matures in June 2015.

We also hold a number of other unencumbered assets, consisting primarily of Private Education Loans and other assets. Total unencumbered student loans comprised \$7.2 billion of our unencumbered assets of which \$5.5 billion and \$1.7 billion related to Private Education Loans and FFELP Loans, respectively. At September 30, 2014, we had a total of \$12.9 billion of unencumbered assets inclusive of those described above as sources of primary liquidity and exclusive of goodwill and acquired intangible assets.

For further discussion of our various sources of liquidity, our continued access to the ABS market, our asset-backed financing facilities, and our issuance of unsecured debt, see "Note 6 — Borrowings" in our Form 10 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 10, 2014, effective on April 14, 2014.

The following table reconciles encumbered and unencumbered assets and their net impact on GAAP total tangible equity.

(Dollars in billions)	mber 30, 2014	June 30, 2014	Se	otember 30, 2013
Net assets of consolidated variable interest entities (encumbered assets) —	 			
FFELP Loans	\$ 4.4	\$ 4.5	\$	5.8
Net assets of consolidated variable interest entities (encumbered assets) —				
Private Education Loans	6.5	6.1		6.6
Tangible unencumbered assets ⁽¹⁾	12.9	13.4		22.8
Unsecured debt	(17.4)	(17.5)		(26.3)
Mark-to-market on unsecured hedged debt ⁽²⁾	(8.0)	(0.9)		(1.0)
Other liabilities, net	(1.8)	(2.0)		(2.7)
Total tangible equity — GAAP Basis	\$ 3.8	\$ 3.6	\$	5.2

Excludes goodwill and acquired intangible assets

Third-Quarter 2014 Financing Transactions

The following financing transactions have taken place in the third quarter of 2014:

FFELP Loan Financings:

 $\ddot{\rm Y}~$ On August 14, 2014, Navient issued \$1.3 billion in FFELP Loan ABS.

Private Education Loan Financings:

 \ddot{Y} On July 24, 2014, Navient issued \$463 million in Private Education Loan ABS.

Shareholder distributions

In September 2014, we paid a common stock dividend of \$0.15 per share.

We repurchased 9.5 million shares of common stock for \$167 million in the third quarter of 2014. As of September 30, 2014, \$168 million of share repurchase authority remains under our authorized share repurchase program.

⁽²⁾ At September 30, 2014, June 30, 2014, and September 30, 2013, there were \$654 million, \$756 million and \$1.0 billion, respectively, of net gains on derivatives hedging this debt in unencumbered assets, which partially offset these losses.